

43rd Annual Report 2022

UMER GROUP OF COMPANIES

BHANERO TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED



Vision

A premier quality company providing quality products by maintaining an excellent level of ethical & professional standards.



Mission Statement

To become a leading manufacturer of textile products globally and explore the new era to achieve the highest level of success.



BHANERO TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED Index

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Annual Report 2022

of Companies

Corporate Information

Governing Board

Mr. Mohammad Salim Executive Director

Mr. Muhammad Shaheen Non-Executive Director / Chairman

Mr. Hamza Shakeel Non-Executive Director Mr. Khurrum Salim Executive Director / CEO Mr. Bilal Sharif Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Mr. Muhammad Amin Mrs. Saba Yousaf Non-Executive Director Mr. Iqbal Mehboob Independent Director Mr. Asif Elahi Independent Director Mr. Mustafa Tanvir Independent Director

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Asim Mirza FCMA, CPA(Aust), MBA

Company Secretary

Mr. Mohammad Ahmed M.A (Economics)

Audit Committee

Mr. Iqbal Mehboob Chairman Mr. Hamza Shakeel Member Mr. Bilal Sharif Member

Human Resourse Committee

Mr. Iqbal Mehboob Chairman Mr. Muhammad Amin Member Mr. Hamza Shakeel Member

Statutory Auditors

M/s Mushatq and Company (Chartered Accountants) 407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi.

Legal Adivsor

Mr. Imran Iqbal Khan - Advocate Sindh High Court

Bankers

Bank Alfalah Limited
Dubai Islamic Bank
Faysal Bank Ltd
Habib Bank Limited
MCB Bank Limited
MCB Bank Limited
Meezan Bank Limited
The Bank of Punjab

Share Registrar

Hameed Majeed Associated (Private) Limited 5th Floor Karachi Chamber, Karachi.

Registered Office

Umer House, 23/1, Sector 23, S. M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi, Pakistan

Tel: 021 35115177 - 80 Email: khioff@umergroup.com URL: http://www.umergroup.com

Liaison / Correspondence Office

9th Floor, City Towers, 6-K, Main Boulevard

Gulberg - II, Lahore, Pakistan

Tel: 042 111 130 130; Fax: 042 -35770015

Email: Ihroff@umergroup.com

Manufacturing Units

Spinning Unit - I is located at:

Kotri Distric Dadu, Sindh. Tel : 0223 870013

Spinning Unit - II and Weaving Unit - III are located at: Feroz Watwan, 18 KMSheikhupura, Punjab. Tel: 056 3731723

Spinning Unit - IV is located at:

18 KM Sheikhupura, Faisalabad Road , Sheikhpura , Punjab.



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 43rd Annual General Meeting of the members of **Bhanero Textile Mills Limited** will be held on Thursday, 27th October 2022 at 03:00 pm at the registered office of the company i.e. Umer House, 23/1, Sector 23, S. M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi, to transact the following business:

The following ordinary and special business is proposed to be conducted in the meeting:

Ordinary Business:

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the last Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 14th July, 2022.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30th June, 2022 together with the Auditors' and Directors' Report thereon.
- 3. To approve the cash dividends at 715.00% (PKR 71.50 per share) for the year ended 30th June, 2022, as recommended by the Board of Directors.
- 4. To appoint the auditors for the next term i.e. year 2022-2023 and fix their remuneration at PKR 2,275,000.00. The retiring auditor Messer's Mushtaq and Company, Chartered Accountants, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment.

5. Special Business:

- (A) To approve by way of special resolution with or without modification the following resolutions in respect of related party transactions under the provisions of Section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017:
- (i) "Resolved That Related Parties Transactions carried out during the year as disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, be and are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed."
- (ii) "Resolved That the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorized to approve the transactions to be conducted with Related Parties on case to case basis during the financial year ending June 30, 2023.

Further Resolved That that transactions approved by Board shall be deemed to have been approved by the shareholders and shall be placed before the shareholders in the next general meeting for their formal ratification/approval."

6. Any Other Business:

To transact any other business with the permission of the chairman.

The statement of material facts in relation to aforesaid special business as required under section 134(3) of the Act and SRO 423 (I)/2018 is enclosed.

Moreover, the notice along with statement of material fact have been dispatched to the shareholders by post and uploaded placed on company website at "www.umergroup.com".

The copy of minutes of the extra ordinary general meeting of the company held on July 14, 2022 has also been enclosed and uploaded with aforesaid notice of AGM.

Karachi: (By the order of the Board)

Dated: 28th September, 2022 Mohammad Ahmed
Company Secretary

Notes:

1. For attending the meeting electronically

In pursuance of SMD/SE/2(20)2021/117 to ensure the participation of members in the general meeting electronically, the members can attend the meeting through video link facility, "Zoom" which is available on Google Play or Apple App Store. The entitled member(s) can access with following ID and password:

Join Zoom Meeting

https://zoom.us/j/3397286733?pwd=N2FFNXpkYkZCS213bzNVNzZZbm94UT09

Meeting ID: 339 728 6733

Passcode: btmcorp

- 2. The Shares Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 20th October 2022 to 27th October, 2022 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the registered office of the company situated at Umer House, 23/I, Sector 23, S. M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi by 19th October 2022 will be treated in time for the purpose of entitlement of dividend and to attend the Annual General Meeting of the company.
- Members interested to attend the virtual meeting through some other member as proxy are requested to send their proxy form (Enclosed) via email at btm.corporate@umergroup.com or at the registered office of the company not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- 4. Pursuant to section 132(2) of Companies Act, 2017 the company shall facilitate its members to attend the annual general meeting through video-link by providing video-conference facility, if available, in the city where 10% or more shareholders of the company reside, provided that the Company receives their demand to participate in annual general meeting through video-link at least seven (07) days prior to the date of meeting.

In this regard, it is requested to fill the following Form and submit at the registered address of the Company at least 10 days before holding of the Annual General Meeting:

"I/We,	being a member of Bhanero Textile Mills Limited , h	older of	Ordinary
Shares vide folio	hereby opt for video conference facility at	·"	
	_		

Signature of Member

5. In compliance of SRO 1013(1)/2017 dated 6th September, 2017 the claimant wise details of unclaimed shares and dividend or modarba certificates as on June 30, 2022 have been uploaded

on our website: www.umergroup.com. In this regard, the said shareholders are requested to approach the Company Registered Office or Share Registrar Office with regard to any unclaimed dividend, shares or modarba certificates.

6. Members are requested to immediately inform of any change in their addresses and bank details to our share Registrar, Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Finance Act 2022 effective July 1, 2022, the rates of deduction of income tax from dividend payments under section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 have been revised as follows:

- a. For filer of income tax return 15%
- b. For non-filers of income tax return 30%

To enable the Company to make tax deduction on the amount of cash dividend @ 15% instead of 30%, shareholders whose names are not entered into the Active Taxpayers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR, despite the fact that they are filers, are advised to make sure that their names are entered in ATL before the first day of book closure, otherwise tax on their cash dividend will be deducted @ 30% instead of 15%.

Withholding Tax exemption from the dividend income, shall only be allowed if copy of valid tax exemption certificate or stay order from a competent court of law is made available to Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited, by the first day of Book Closure.

Further, according to clarification received from Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), with-holding tax will be determined separately on 'Filer/Non-Filer' status of Principal shareholder as well as joint holder(s) based on their shareholding proportions, in case of joint accounts. In this regard all shareholders who hold shares jointly are requested to provide shareholding proportions of Principal shareholder and Joint-holder(s) in respect of shares held by them (only if not already provided) to our Share Registrar, in writing.

In the event of non-receipt of the information by 19th October 2022, each shareholder will be assumed to have equal proportion of shares and the tax will be deducted accordingly

- 7. Section 242 of Companies Act 2017 which states that, "Any dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders". In compliance of section 242 SECP issued a circular CLD/CCD/PR(11)/2017 No.18/2017 dated 1-Aug-17 requiring listed companies to obtain electronic dividend mandate from the Shareholders and in this regard a notice had already been sent to all the shareholders.
 - Further, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide notification No. SRO 1145(1)2017 dated November 6, 2017 in terms of provision of section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017 issued regulations for distribution of dividends by the listed companies requiring entitled
 - shareholders to provide valid information pertaining to designated bank account including name of bank, title of account, address of bank branch and international bank account number. In this regard we request all registered shareholders to provide the bank details in order to credit their cash dividends directly to their bank account, if declared. Also provide us verification of bank detail with your concern bank and submit to in case of book-entry securities in CDS, to CDS participants and in case of physical securities to the Company's Share Registrar.
- 8. Pursuant to Notification vide SRO 787(1)/2014 of September 08, 2014, SECP has directed to facilitate the members of the company receiving Annual Financial Statements and Notices through

electronic mail system (e-mail). We are pleased to offer this facility to our members who desire to receive Annual Financial Statements and Notices of the Company through e-mail in future. In this respect members are hereby requested to convey their consent via e-mail on a standard request form which is available at the Company website i.e. www.umergroup.com. Please ensure that your e-mail has sufficient rights and space available to receive such e-mail which may be larger than 2MB file in size. Further, it is the responsibility of the member to timely update the Share Registrar of any change in the registered e-mail address.

- E-Voting, members can exercise their right to demand a poll subject to meeting requirements of Section 143 -145 of Companies Act, 2017 and applicable clauses of Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations 2018.
- 10. Under the provision of Section 72 of the Act, the shareholders are now required to replace their physical shares with book-entry form at earliest. Accordingly, the physical shares are now required to be converted into Book-Entry Form and kept by Shareholders in their Central Depository System (CDS) Accounts. The CDS Account can be opened and maintained by any CDC Participant (Stock Broker or CDC Investor Account Services Department (CDC IAS) of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited situated at Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad.

The following are key features of holding shares in book-entry form in CDC:

- Book-Entry shares cannot be lost, stolen or spoiled.
- No need for issuance of duplicate shares.
- Book-Entry shares can instantly be traded (Sell/Purchase) in Stock Market.
- No requirement of transfer deed for transfer/sale of Book-Entry shares.
- Book-Entry shares can be pledged for availing of any financing facility.
- Instant credit of Bonus and Right shares entitlements in Book-Entry form.
- 24/07 online access of CDS Accounts for reviewing portfolio information.
- Easy access of periodic Account statements of CDS Accounts.

Statement of Material Facts Under Section 134 (3) of The Companies Act, 2017

Items pertaining to 5(A)(i) of the notice for ratification and approval of the related party transactions during the year ended June 30, 2022.

The related party transactions (RPT) were carried out at arm's length during the normal course of business activity during the year ended June 30, 2022 with its associated undertaking and related parties in accordance with its corporate policy, applicable laws, regulations compliance with the provisions of IAS 24. All the RPT reviewed and approved by the board of directors were duly placed before head of internal audit for approval, followed by the approval of audit committee

However, since common directorship exists between the related parties (by virtue of being the shareholder or common directorship), these transactions are being placed for the approval by shareholders in the Annual General Meeting. All transactions with related parties to be ratified have been disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022

The transactions entered into with the related parties include, but are not limited to, sale & purchase of goods, dividends paid and received, investments and divestment made (in accordance with the

approval of shareholders and board where applicable). The nature of relationship with these related parties has also been stated in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

46 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The associated undertaking and related parties comprise associated companies, directors and key management personnel. Names, basis of relationship and transaction with associated undertakings and related parties, other than remuneration and benefits to key management personnel under the term of their employment as disclosed in note 39 are as follow:

Name of the Company		Basis of relationship	Percentage of shareholding	
Faisal Spinning Mills Limit	ed	Common directorship	N/A	
Blessed Textiles Limited		Common directorship	N/A	
Bhanero Energy Limited		Common directorship	N/A	
Admiral (Private) Limited		Directorship of close family relative	e N/A	
			June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Nature of relationship	Nature of transactions		Rupees	Rupees
Associated undertaking	Sales of fabric		383,292,227	111,526,622
	Sales of Cotton		2,167,629	12,337,111
	Sales of yarn		697,877,799	1,044,890,765
	Sales of land		-	121,380,000
	Purchase of yarn		562,737,574	277,006,289
	Purchase of cotton		-	9,589,487
	Purchase of fabric		34,454,507	172,339,702
	Services rendered		-	723,509
	Purchase of stores & spares		1,648,969	-
	Services received		309,000	309,000
	Electricity purchased		430,555,981	422,010,543

Items pertaining to 5(A)(ii) of the notice for board authorization to approve related party transactions that will be conducted during the period July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023.

The Company shall be entering into transactions with its related parties during the year ending June 30, 2023 on an arm's length basis as per the approved policy with respect to 'transactions with related parties' in the normal course of business activity. Since, there has been common directorship in the related party transactions, the Board seeks member's consent to approve such transactions with the related parties from time-to-time on case to case basis for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 and such transactions shall be deemed to be approved by the shareholders. The nature and scope of such related party transactions is explained above and these transactions shall be placed before the shareholders in the next AGM for their formal approval/ratification.

Chairman Review Report

I would like to take this opportunity to express my views in the enclosed Chairman Review Report for the year ended June 30, 2022 required under the provisions of section 192(4) of Companies Act, 2017 on overall performance and effectiveness of the board of Bhanero Textile Mills Limited "Board" in achieving its objectives.

In the fiscal year ended in June 2022, Pakistan's textile and apparel exports posted a 25.50 percent increase however, the textile sector is foreseeing tough times ahead owing to the terrible flooding that have ravaged the cotton crop. The country which is already struggling for the availability of raw cotton is now looking for the imports causing more burden over depleting FCY reserves. Besides, the unavailability of energy cost at competitive rates also causing difficulties for the textile sector to compete with regional competitors.

The role of governing board becomes more important where country is facing declining economic growth, massive devaluation of the currency, double-digit inflation, and sky-high interest rates. In these testing times the role of the board is critical to the success of an organization and ultimately the board of directors are responsible for its success since they collectively bear the legal responsibility to govern the organization. The Board members of the company having the strong strategic and diverse experience in assist the the organization to sail smoothly by addressing opportunities and potential threats. The strategic planning has been done on ongoing basis by the board including both short and long-term goals. The board directors have devised strategies to counter the challenges, increased volatility and competitive pressures in the business environment faced by the textile sector to fulfill and align with demands made by increasingly active shareholders and other stakeholders of the company.

To be an effective in today's business world, the board must has diversity within its members to face ever increasingly complex and difficult matters. At Bhanero Textile Mills Limited we believes that diverse board brings an expansive array of perspectives as a result of synergy that creates a powerful dynamic to meet the future challenges. By recognizing the fact that diversity on board increasing globally where we are not an exception, the reconstituted board of ten directors comprised of four non-executive, three

independent, two executive and one female director with an appropriate fusion of age, gender and

experience.

Both the human resource and audit committees to the Board chaired by an independent director and all

the members comprising of the non-executive directors who proactively participates in committee

proceedings. Besides, the human resource committee ensures that remuneration to executive directors

and chief executive officer should commensurate with their skills, expertise and responsibility without

compromising their independence.

The pervasiveness of risk in the workings of everyday business means that management must factor

risk as an integral part of organizational strategy and should be aware of an environment where boards

are increasingly being held accountable for managing risk. To mitigate the risk factor the Board has put in

place extensive policies and procedures around risk that are consistent with the overall corporate strategy

and risk appetite of the organization.

In line with directives issued by the SECP, the Board has devised a mechanism for redressal of any sort

grievance of the shareholders by deputing an individual along with a company secretary who promptly

responds to shareholders queries and routines issues. Besides, an extensive website is maintained to keep

the shareholders abreast with corporate financial performance, notices, announcements.

The entire Board is accredited under the requirements of the Code for directors training program (DTP).

Dated: 28, September 2022, Karachi.

Muhammad Shaheen

(Chairman)

Directors Report

The Directors of the Company are pleased present herewith the audit report on financial statement of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Results

Financial results of company for the year ended to June 30, 2022 are as under;

Statement of Profit or Loss For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022 Rupees	June 30, 2021 Rupees
Sales Cost of sales	17,252,509,050	12,158,113,068
Cost of sales Gross profit	13,178,129,028 4,074,380,022	9,426,415,558 2,731,697,510
Other income	242,797,272	83,253,942
	4,317,177,294	2,814,951,452
Distribution cost	461,356,046	243,334,988
Administrative expenses	216,261,742	157,638,312
Other operating expenses	318,462,301	169,994,496
Finance cost	137,883,096	83,004,832
	1,133,963,185	653,972,628
Profit before tax	3,183,214,109	2,160,978,824
Taxation	425,059,591	310,272,621
Profit after taxation for the year	2,758,154,518	1,850,706,203
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	919.38	616.90

Significant Financial Performance

A cautious recovery in 2021 has been followed by increasingly gloomy developments in 2022 globally since several shocks have hit a world economy already weakened by the pandemic, higher inflation and further negative spillovers effect from the war in Ukraine. Nonetheless, the company still manages to excel both turnover and profitability during the current year. The company posted a profit after tax amounting to PKR 2,758.154 million during the current year ended June 30, 2022 (PAT 2021: PKR 1,850.706 million) translating into EPS of PKR 919.38 for the current year (EPS 2021: PKR 616.90).

The turnover has been increased by 41.90 percent from PKR 12,158.113 million to PKR 17,252.509 million whereas gross profit has been increased from PKR 2,731.697 million to PKR 4,074.380 million during the current year ended June 30, 2022 as compared to corresponding year.

Dividends & Reserves Appropriation

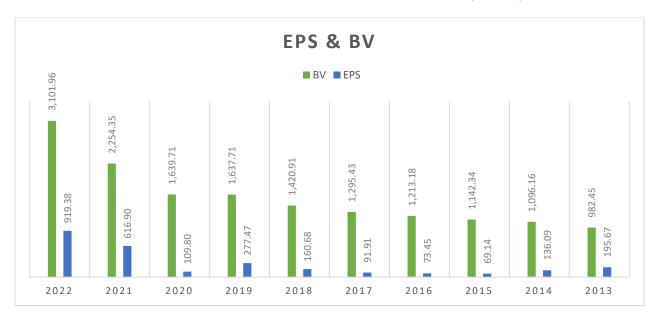
The board of directors are pleased to approve the cash dividend of 715.00 percent i.e PKR 71.50 per share as recommendation by the audit committee subject to the approval shareholders in forthcoming annual general meeting scheduled for October 27, 2022.

Moreover, the directors proposed to transfer an amount of PKR 1,700.00 million to the general reserve to meet any unanticipated contingencies in future.

Earnings and Breakup Value per Share

Earnings per share (EPS) is a key metric used to determine the common shareholder's portion of the company's profit which measures each ordinary shareholder profit allocation in relation to the company's total profit whereas investors use the breakup value to assess a company's financial strength and determine the best entry point for investment. The governing board strives to for both, maximum return to its shareholders and maintaining the financial stability of the company.

There is an increase in both EPS and BV of share by 49.03 percent and 37.60 percent respectively during the corresponding periods. The EPS and BV of the share during the current year ended June 30, 2022 stands at PKR 919.38 (2021: PKR 616.90) and PKR 3,101.96 (2021: PKR 2,254.35) respectively.



Working Capital Management

Proper management of working capital is essential to a company's fundamental financial health and operational success as a business. A hallmark of good business management is the ability to utilize working capital management to maintain a solid balance between growth, profitability and liquidity. The board ensure that a company operates efficiently by monitoring and using its current assets and liabilities to their most effective use.

The repayments amounting to PKR 210.745 million on account of long-term loans have been made during the year 2022. The short-term liquidity of company is fairly stable and current ratio of 4.31 during the current year (2021: 5.89) shows company's ample ability to cover its short-term obligations with its current asset.

Capital Structure

A proper capital structure helps in maximizing shareholder's capital while minimizing the overall cost of the capital. The board pursue cautious balance between equity and debt that a business uses to finance its assets, day-to-day operations and future growth by preventing over or under capitalization thus increasing its profits in the form of higher returns to stakeholders.

The financial firmness of company measured by shareholder equity stood at PKR 9,305.893 million (2021: PKR 6,763.064 million) showing a remarkable growth total equity during corresponding periods.

The company gearing ratio of 0.34 (Year 2021: 0.19) represents the financial leverage of the company's that are funded by shareholder equity and creditors' funds is generally considered reasonable with a low risk for well-established companies as per industry standards.

Balancing, Modernization and Replacement

During the current year an amount of PKR 1,900.00 million approximately has been added in plant and machinery for replacement of 140 air jet looms and other machinery in order to maintain the pace with technological advancements.

Establishment of a New Spinning Unit

The board of directors in their meeting held on February 25, 2021 have approved for setting up a new spinning unit of 19,584 spindles with the production capacity of 1,000 bags per day approximately in Sheikhupura, Punjab and the projected timelines were September 2022 for the commercial production of the unit.

The civil work for construction of infrastructure has almost completed however, the company experienced an unexpected delay in scheduled shipment of machinery owing to both global and local factors. Since

the erecting of machinery has not been completed yet, the board of directors have revised the time lines for commercial production.

It is expected that trial production will hopefully begin by April 2023 whereas it's anticipated that commercial production will be commenced probably by July 2023.

Merger of Bhanero Energy Ltd - Unit I Kotri in the Company

The board of directors' company ('BTML") in their meeting held on February 25, 2022 have approved to acquire Bhanero Energy Ltd Unit-I Kotri, Sindh ("BEL-I") through a Scheme of Arrangement ("Scheme"). On grant of approval by the competent authority the BTML will issue 40,964 ordinary shares at the break up value of the BTML to the shareholders of Bhanero Energy Ltd at the book value of acquired assets, equivalent to PKR 109,008,101.00.

The Bhanero Energy Limited in unquoted company engaged in power generation activities, it operates with two units located in Sindh and Punjab. The Unit-I located in Sindh generates electricity through natural gas whereas Unit-II located in Punjab generates electricity through furnace based having the generation capacity of 3.726 megawatt and 33.694 megawatt for the Unit-I and Unit-II respectively. The BEL-I does not carry out any other commercial activities in Sindh except supplying its entire power generation facility exclusively to the Bhanero Textile Mills Ltd Unit-I Kotri.

The Scheme will be beneficial for the shareholders of the company since it enables the company to directly exercise control and manage the affairs of BEL-Kotri Unit-I to ensure the uninterrupted supply of energy requirements in a cost-effective manner to the company with an ultimate aim of maximizing shareholder returns.

Credit Rating

The entity's rating at A+/A-1 (Single A Plus / A One) has been reaffirmed by Messer's VIS Credit Rating Company Limited on August 15, 2022 for the current year. The entity's outlook has been assigned as 'Stable' on given ratings.

Financial Statements

As required under Companies Act 2017, listing regulations of PSX and directives issued by the SECP the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer presented the financial statements of the company for the year ended June 30, 2022, duly endorsed under their respective signatures for consideration, approval and authorization by the board of directors for issuance and circulation.

The financial statements of the company have been duly audited by the auditors of the company, Mushtaq & Company, Chartered Accountants and the auditors have issued clean audit report on the financial

statements for the year ended 30th June 2022 and clean review report on Statement of Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019 "Code". These reports are attached with the financial statements.

Accounting Standards

The accounting policies of the Company fully reflect the requirements of the Companies Act 2017 and such approved International Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards as have been notified under this Act as well as through directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Outlook of Cotton Crop

The incessant decline in cotton production is extremely detrimental to our economic stability where it holds a 0.8 percent share of GDP and contributes 5.2 percent to the agriculture value addition besides holding holding a approximate 60 percent share in the country's total foreign exchange earnings. Despite this economic significance, past 10 years cotton production has almost halved from 13.6 million bales in 2011/12 to about 7 million in 2020/21 (Source: PBS).

The crop area of cotton has significantly reduced as major cotton harvesting area replaced by the competing crops fetching better profit and scattered housing societies. The lack of research spending on developing high-quality seed varieties, water scarcity during sowing season, unavailability of affordable pesticides, post monsoon pest attacks, flooding on standing crops are some of the factors that are also hampering cotton production.

The substantial downpour is feared to have played havoc with the standing crop of cotton in Pakistan, the ballpark suggests the downpour has damaged 10 percent to 50 percent of crops in fields, mostly in Sindh. This will eventually result in country recourse towards global market to make heavy imports of the commodity this year to run textile mills.

The torrential rains put almost the entire cotton crop at high risk in the fields since almost 95 percent of the estimated cotton crops at equivalent to 10.5 million bales of cotton, are currently in the fields. It's probable that most of the rain-related losses will be from Sindh, which produces almost 30 percent of the total crop in the country contrary to Punjab, which produces the rest of the 70 percent cotton crop which received slightly heavy rainfall and may survive with limited losses. Against an estimate of 10.0 million bales, it's projected that the country would barely produce between 6 to 7 million to of cotton this year. This will result in a already depleting FCY reserves, as the country has to import around 9 million bales to cater demand of textile industry. The country has imported cotton worth \$1.83 billion in the previous fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 as the country hardly manages produced 8.4 million bales in FY22 against the domestic need of 15-16 million bales. In current circumstances the estimate for next year is estimated to be much higher.

Besides, the water shortfall also caused an impediment that prevented farmers from timely sowing of cotton seeds at start of the season causing a notable shortfall in the Sindh sowing target. The historical data depicts that Sindh normally sow cotton seeds on 1.6 million to 1.7 million hectares of land whereas seeds cultivated on mere 1.5 million hectares of land has been done during the current year.

Contrary to Sindh farmers in Punjab sowed the seeds at a larger area of land of 3.5 million hectares this year compared to 3.2 million hectares in previous year.

In our opinion, the increase in cotton production could be achieved either by enhancing area under cotton crop or per care lint yield or both. However, the option to increase area under cotton cultivation cannot be exercise because of lack of supply of irrigation water where two major cotton growing provinces of Punjab and Sindh are already at their maximum level. The cotton crop faces competition from other crops as well that is also a constraint in bringing more area under this crop.

However, possibility is there to increase cultivation of cotton in different district of Balochistan and NWFP. The other option is to increase per acre yield by applying modern cotton technologies that have successfully been adopted in many developed and developing countries to improve crop yields.

Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance

The statement of compliance under regulation 36(1) for listed companies with the Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019 is annexed.

Statement on Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework:

The Directors of the company are fully aware of their responsibilities under Companies Act 2017, Regulations under Code of Corporate Governance 2019 "Code", Rule Book of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and directives issued by Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan. As a part of the compliance to the regulators we confirm the following:

- These financial statements, prepared by the management of the company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of account of the company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- The system of internal control was sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There were no significant doubts upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- We have prepared and circulated a Code of Conduct and business strategy among directors and employees.
- The Board of Directors has adopted a vision and mission statement and a statement of overall corporate strategy.
- All the directors have attended its board and general meeting either physically or through video conference unless preclude due to reasonable reason.
- All the directors are assigned with their responsibilities, roles, remuneration, powers and obligation
 at the commencement of their terms in accordance with Code of Corporate Governance, Companies
 Act and Article of Association.
- All the directors of the Company are accredited / exempted under Directors Training Program (DTP) as required by the Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019.
- There has been a proper updated record of the significant policies duly approved by the board of
 directors on human resource, whistle blower, procurement, communication mechanism with
 stakeholders, environment, health and safety, director's remuneration, anti-money laundering and
 risk management etc.
- As required under Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019 and Companies Act 2017 (Act), we have included the following information in this report:
 - o Statement of pattern of shareholding has been given separately.
 - Statement of shares held by associated undertakings and related persons.
 - Statement of the board meetings and annual general meeting held during the year and attendance by each director has been given separately.
 - Chairman review report under the provisions of section 192(4) of the Act.
 - o Statement of compliance duly signed by the chairman under regulation 36 of the Code.
- Key operating and financial statistics for last six years along with information for taxes and levies have been adequately disclosed in the annexed audited financial statements.
- The company strictly follow the guidelines issued by SECP on prohibition of insider trading for listed companies and no trading in the Company's shares was carried by its Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary, Head of Internal Audit and their spouses and minor children except as disclosed in pattern of shareholding.

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding and relevant information thereon is annexed accordingly.

Related Party Transactions

The Related Party Transactions (RPT) and their status are adequately disclosed by complying the requirement under IAS 24. Moreover, there is a robust policy in place for all in pursuant to the notification issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide SRO 768(1)2019 and the guidelines have been duly incorporated in the company policy with regard to transactions and maintenance of records.

The RPT were duly approved by the internal audit followed by the approval of the audit committee before presentation of the same in the board meeting, to ensure that all the transactions are at arm's length during the normal conduct of business activity.

All the RPT's during the current fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 will be presented before the general meeting of the company for members approval. Similarly, the board has also decided to avail the approval of members in the general meeting of the company for the transactions to be carried during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 and same shall be placed before the shareholders in the next annual general meeting for their formal ratification/approval.

Board Evaluation

A comprehensive evaluation and assessment have been carried out by us to measure the performance of each member of the board and committees in pursuance of the regulation 10(3)(v) of Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019.

The company carried out the evaluation process of the board internally for assessing the performance of board, committees and to assess the clarity in the leadership roles for greater accountability in the decision-making with primary focus on effectiveness of the governing board and its committees.

The information congregated via questionnaires administered as well as information consequent from our communications with the board members and committee members. A comprehensive questionnaire entailing two-way communication process on significant corporate governance matters has also been responded by committee and board members.

Board Composition

As required under regulation 34 of Code the board of ten (10) directors is comprised as follows;

Sr	Catagony	Ger	nder	Total
No	Category	Male	Female	TOtal
(i)	Independent Director	3	0	3
(ii)	Executive Directors	2	0	2
(ii)	Non- Executive Directors	4	1	5

Board and Audit Committee Meetings

- All the directors, eligible to attend the meeting have attended the general meetings of the company in person or through video conference under Regulation 10(6) of the Code unless precluded from doing so due to any reasonable
- Following are the number of meetings held and attended by board of directors, audit committee and human resource & remuneration committee during 2021-22:

					Comm	nittees	
Sr	Name of Directors	Board of Directors	Au	dit		source and eration	
		Eligible to attend	Attended	Eligible to attend	Attended	Eligible to attend	Attended
1.	Mr. Muhammad Salim	5	5	-	-	-	-
2.	Mr. Muhammad Shaheen	5	5	-	-	-	-
3.	Mr. Khurrum Salim	5	4	-	-	-	-
4.	Mr. Bilal Sharif	5	5	6	6	-	-
5.	Mr. Muhammad Amin	5	5	-	-	1	1
6.	Mr. Hamza Shakeel	5	5	6	6	1	1
7.	Mr. Iqbal Mehboob	5	5	6	6	1	1
8.	Mr. Asif Elahi	5	5	-	-	-	-
9.	Mr. Mustafa Tanvir	5	5	-	-	-	-
10.	Mrs. Saba Yousaf	5	5	-	-	-	-

Audit Committee

Sr	Name	Designation	Category
i	Iqbal Mehboob	Chairman	Independent Director
ii	Hamza Shakeel	Member	Non- Executive Director
iii	Bilal Sharif	Member	Non- Executive Director

The audit committee comprises of three members of which chairman is an independent director whereas all the other are non-executive directors and discharge its responsibilities under terms of reference assigned by the board of directors.

The appointment of financial literate member has been made in line with Regulation 27(1)(iii) in the Chapter X of the Code.

The meetings of audit committee were held at regular intervals in compliance with the Regulation 27(2) of the Code to review the both interim and annual financial statements before the approval of board of directors along with an additional meeting once a year with an external auditor without the CFO and other with an internal auditor without the presence of the CFO and external auditor.

The AC is a sub-group of a company's board of directors responsible for the oversight of the financial reporting and disclosure process of the company with complete awareness of the processes and internal controls of the company. The AC normally liaise with the management team, independent auditor, and internal auditors to monitor the choice of accounting policies and principles and to ensure compliance with laws and regulations.

The AC ensures that appropriate policies and processes are in place for the prevention and identification of fraud, such as asset misappropriation, corruption, and financial statement fraud and closely works with management to make sure that necessary steps are taken on the detection of fraud.

The AC regularly meets with management and the statutory auditors to discuss the quarterly and audited annual financial statements of the company while during the annual audit, the audit committee meets separately with external auditor's and head of internal audit in compliance of regulation 27(2)(iii) of Code to discuss matters that need to be discussed confidentially.

The AC plays a significant role in setting the tone of an organization by ensuring to implement a code of conduct and establish effective communication channels. The AC are fully aware of what management is doing to achieve compliance with laws and regulations, and they must be knowledgeable about issues such as ongoing investigations and disciplinary actions. The AC members collectively works toward preventing fraud and are adept at detecting willful accounting errors and anomalies.

Human Resource and Remuneration Committee

Sr	Name	Designation	Category
i	Iqbal Mehboob	Chairman	Independent Director
ii	Muhammad Amin	Member	Non- Executive Director
iii	Hamza Shakeel	Member	Non- Executive Director

The human resource and remuneration committee (HRRC) is comprised of three members of which all are non-executive directors whereas chairman is an independent director. The HRRC recommends significant human resource management policies to the Board for selection, evaluation, compensation (including retirement benefits) and succession planning of the CEO.

The purpose of HRRC is to maximize the productivity of an organization by optimizing the effectiveness of its board, management team and its employees. The HRRC responsible for recommending human resource management policy to the Board. The Committee shall have overall responsibility for recommending selection, evaluation, compensation (including retirement benefits) and succession planning of CEO, CFO and Company Secretary.

The HRRC assists the board and management with recruitment & training of the Senior Management, remuneration, performance evaluation, succession planning and measures for effective utilization of the human capital.

Corporate Social Responsibility Policy

The company develops policies relating to a company's ethical, sustainable and environmental responsibilities by ensuring a company has a positive impact on local communities and the environment.

The company has a social responsibility towards its community and the environment in all aspects of the company's operations such as problems that have an impact on the environment such as pollution, waste, product safety and labor but not limited to providing funds to the community and social environment, but also includes maintaining good long-term relationships with parties related to the company. The company manages a comprehensive Corporate Social Responsibility (CRS) policy to operate in an economically, socially and environmentally sustainable manner by maintaining environmental with an aim to reduce pollution and greenhouse gas emissions, sustainable use of natural resources, minimizing and proper disposal of wastage, promoting re-cycling during manufacturing process.

Health, Safety and Environment Policy

The company is committed to ensuring a safe and healthful workplace and protecting the environment and firmly believes that safety and protecting the environment is good business and that all work-related injuries, illnesses, property losses and adverse environmental impacts are preventable. To fulfill this commitment, the company ensure that management accepts full responsibility for protecting workers and the environment. In case of any unforeseen mishap with any employee a comprehensive group life insurance is already in place for workers. The company also provides made arrangements for health policy for its administrative employees at both Karachi and Lahore offices.

The company aligns health, safety and environmental considerations equal status with the company's other business objectives and integrate them into all aspects of work and actively strive to continuously improve health, safety and environmental performance.

The company policy is vigilant on water and air pollution, chemical and oil spills, smog, drinking water quality, land conservation and management, and wildlife protection.

Directors Remuneration Policy

The director's remuneration policy is a cornerstone for efficiency and stability of company for retaining right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Since the board and senior management of the company carries responsibilities to provide strategic direction, vital business decisions and implementation, it is crucial that they should be made more responsible and accountable for their performance. The remuneration practices of senior management and board members is one of the very important aspects of overall Corporate Governance framework, as it influences the performance of the company, which resultantly impact the returns to ordinary shareholders and the stability of the company.

The remuneration policy is prepared under the recommendations and suggestions by human resource and remuneration committee (HRRC) to the board under the provisions of the Companies Act 2017, Companies' Article of Association and Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019.

The executive directors entitled for the fixed monthly remuneration and other perquisites recommended by HRRC which were duly approved by the board and followed by the approval of members in general meeting of the company.

In pursuance of section 227(I)(a) of the Act, the following remuneration (Note 32) has been paid to the directors of the company during the current fiscal year:

- a) Mr. Khurrum Salim (CEO) PKR 800,000.00 per month.
- b) Mr. Mohammad Salim (ED) PKR 1,000,000.00 per month.

Besides, the other fringe benefits for above directors includes company-maintained vehicle with fuel, business travelling and communication expenses.

No fee or remuneration has been paid to any other directors of the company.

Statutory Auditors

The present auditor's M/s Mushtaq & Company, Chartered Accountants shall retire on the conclusion of the annual general meeting scheduled for October 27, 2022 however, being eligible they have offered themselves for re-appointment. The audit committee has suggested the appointment of M/s Mushtaq & Company, Chartered Accountants, as external auditor for the year ended 30th June 2023. The external auditor M/s Mushtaq & Company, Chartered Accountants have been given satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. The firm and all its partner are in compliance with the International Federation of Accountants' Guidelines on the Code of Ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and they are registered with Audit Oversight Board under section 36I of SECP Act, 1997.

The statutory auditors neither performed any of the decision making, internal audit or management functions nor they have any sort of relationship with any directors or executives of the company. The engagement partners were rotated after completion of every five years.

The Board of Directors also recommended the appointment of M/s Mushtaq & Company, Chartered Accountants, as external auditor for the year ended 30th June 2023 and the remuneration of the auditors has been fixed at PKR 2,275,000.00 (Year 2021: PKR 2,065,000.00) for the year 2022-23 as recommended by the audit committee to the board under regulation 32(3) of the Code. The assignments include statutory audit, half yearly review and code of corporate governance review.

Material Changes and Commitments

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of financial year of the Company to which the balance sheet relates and the date of directors' report.

Acknowledgement

I am highly indebted to Board of Directors, valued shareholders, customers, bankers, suppliers and other stakeholders for their support, trust and confidence. I also appreciate to all employees for their loyalty dedication and hard work which enabled the Company to achieve its objectives.

For and on behalf of the Board

must.

Khurram Salim

(Chief Executive Officer)

Mohammad Salim

(Director)

Karachi: September 28, 2022

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

The statement is being presented to comply with the requirement of regulation 36(1) contained in Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019 for the purpose of establishing a framework of good corporate governance, whereby a company quoted at Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited is managed in compliance with best practices of corporate governance.

Bhanero Textile Mills Limited Year Ending June 30, 2022

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:-

1. The total number of directors are ten (10) as per the following,-

a. Male : Nine (9)b. Female : One(1)

2. The composition of the Board is as follows:

Sr	Category	Name
i)	Independent Directors (*)	Mr. Iqbal Mehboob
		Mr. Asif Elahi
		Mr. Mustafa Tanvir
iii)	Non- Executive Directors	Mr. Muhammad Shaheen
		Mr. Muhammad Amin
		Mr. Bilal Sharif
		Mr. Hamza Shakeel
ii)	Executive Directors	Mr. Khurrum Salim
		Mr. Mohammad Salim
iv)	Female director	Mrs. Saba Yousaf

(*) Explanation required under Regulation 6(1) of Code:

While calculating the minimum number of ID directors the fraction was not rounded upwards to 1. The reason being that as per general rule only number exceeding 0.5 shall be rounded to next number.

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company;
- 4. The company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures;

- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company;
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;
- 8. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations;
- 9. The Board has arranged Directors' Training program for the following: The entire board is accredited under directors training program. (Name of Executive & Designation (N/A);
- 10. The Board has approved appointment of chief financial officer, company secretary and head of internal audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;
- 11. Chief financial officer and chief executive officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

(a) Audit Committee

Name	Designation
Mr. Iqbal Mehboob	Chairman - Independent Director
Mr. Bilal Sharif	Member - Non- Executive Director
Mr. Hamza Shakeel	Member - Non- Executive Director

(b) Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

Name	Designation
Mr. Iqbal Mehboob	Chairman - Independent Director
Mr. Muhammad Amin	Member - Non- Executive Director
Mr. Hamza Shakeel	Member - Non- Executive Director

c) Nomination Committee (N/A)

Explanation

As the formation of Nomination Committee (NC) is not mandatory under regulation 29 of the Code, the functions and responsibilities of NC are performed by the Human Resources & Remuneration Committee.

d) Risk Management Committee (N/A)

Explanation

As the formation of Risk Management Committee (RMC) is not mandatory under regulation 30 of the Code, the functions and responsibilities of RMC are performed Audit Committee.

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/ yearly) of the committee were as per following,-

Name of Committee	Frequency of Meeting
Audit Committee	Quarterly
HR and Remuneration Committee	Yearly
Nomination Committee	Not applicable
Risk Management Committee	Not applicable

- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company;
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;

- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27,32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with; and
- 19. Explanation for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are below (N/A):

For and on behalf of the Board

MUHAMMAD SHAHEEN

(Chairman) Karachi

September 28, 2022

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Head Office: 407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi, Tel: 021-32638521-3 Email: Info@mushtaqandco.com, audit.khi@mushtaqandco.com



Independent Auditor's Review Report

To the members of **Bhanero Textile Mills Limited** on the Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Bhanero Textile Mills Limited for the year ended June 30, 2022 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Place: Karachi

Dated: 28 September, 2022

UDIN: CR202210043jGZ9YDyPS

Engagement Partner:

Zahid Hussain Zahid, FCA

tered Accountants

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Head Office: 407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi. Tel: 021-32638521-3 Email: info@mushtaqandco.com, audit.khi@mushtaqandco.com



Endependent auditor's report to the members of

Binanero Textile Mills Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinian

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **Bhanero Textile Mills Limited (the Company)**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022 and the statement of profit or loss, the statements of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2022 and of the profit and other comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

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We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Aus Audit Matter(3)

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

S. No.	Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit			
1.	Revenue Recognition				
	Refer to note no. 3.16 and 28 to the audited financial statements.	Our key audit procedures in this area amongst others included the following;			
SM		- Evaluated the appropriateness of the Company's			

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Member firm

Revenue from sale of Company's products for the year ended 30 June 2022 has increased by approximately 42% as compared to last year. The Company recognizes revenue at a point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods.

There is an inherent risk that revenue may be overstated since the Company focuses on revenue as a key performance measure, which could create an incentive for revenue to be recognized before the control has been transferred.

Considering revenue recognition a significant risk area, we have identified this as a key audit matter. revenue recognition accounting policy and its compliance with IFRS 15: 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'.

- Obtained an understanding of management's internal controls over the revenue process and tested effectiveness of controls relevant to such process.
- Performed testing of sales transactions on a sample basis to ensure that the related revenues are recorded appropriately at the correct quantity and price when control of goods has been transferred to the customer.
- Tested on a sample basis, specific revenue transactions recorded before and after the reporting date with underlying documentation to assess whether revenue has been recognized in the correct period.
- -Checked on a sample basis, approval of sales prices by the appropriate authority.
- Considered the adequacy of the disclosures in respect of revenues in accordance with the applicable financial reporting standards.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises director's report and last six years' financial analysis but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act. 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provided the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit

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matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Zahid Hussain Zahid,

MUSHTAO & CO

Chartered Accountants

Karachi.

Dated: 28 September, 2022

UDIN: AR202210043vs2xU9bup

Bhanero Textile Mills Limited

Statement of Financial Position As at June 30, 2022

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	June 30, 2022 Rupees	Jun 30, 2021 Rupees	ASSETS	Note	June 30, 2022 Rupees	Jun 30, 2021 Rupees
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES				NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Authorized capital 6,000,000 (2021: 6,000,000) ordinary shares				Property, plant and equipment	18	6,777,100,444	3,092,486,248
of Rs.10 each	=	60,000,000	60,000,000				
				Long term deposits	19	41,596,116	28,559,816
	_	22 222 222	20 000 000			6,818,696,560	3,121,046,064
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	5 6	30,000,000	30,000,000				
Reserves Unappropriated profit	ь	8,000,000,000 1,275,893,956	6,300,000,000 433,063,770				
onappropriated profit	_	9,305,893,956	6,763,063,770				
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,,,				
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES				CURRENT ASSETS	<u></u>		
Long term financing - secured	7	2,816,943,750	1,077,028,637	Stores, spares and loose tools	20	150,348,628	107,776,096
Long term payables	8	285,713,297	199,099,913	Stock in trade	21	5,101,913,563	2,659,408,838
Staff retirement benefits	9	208,934,489	181,861,570	Trade debts	22	1,883,524,023	1,628,119,912
Deferred taxation	10	231,555,260	165,286,894	Loans and advances	23	65,701,413	25,876,425
Deferred government grant	11	673,119,963	24,407,257	Trade deposits and prepayments	24	246,263,643	137,166,690
		4,216,266,759	1,647,684,271	Other receivables	25	28,945,773	6,234,227
				Income tax refundable		-	5,397,013
				Sales tax refundable	26	608,870,900	63,204,674
CURRENT LIABILITIES	_			Bank balances	27	640,838,308	1,739,116,221
Trade and other payables	12	1,579,460,996	861,950,312			8,726,406,251	6,372,300,096
Unclaimed dividend	13	1,519,833	1,342,699				
Accrued markup / interest	14	31,367,006	6,835,183				
Current portion of long term financing	15	336,847,787	212,469,925				
Provision for taxation	16	73,746,474	-				
		2,022,942,096	1,082,598,119				
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	17	-	-				
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	=	15,545,102,811	9,493,346,160	TOTAL ASSETS	_ =	15,545,102,811	9,493,346,160

The annexed notes from 1 to 54 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

D. A.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Bhanero Textile Mills Limited

Statement of Profit or Loss For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		Rupees	Rupees
Sales	28	17,252,509,050	12,158,113,068
Cost of sales	29	13,178,129,028	9,426,415,558
Gross profit		4,074,380,022	2,731,697,510
Other income	30	242,797,272	83,253,942
		4,317,177,294	2,814,951,452
Distribution cost	31	461,356,046	243,334,988
Administrative expenses	32	216,261,742	157,638,312
Other operating expenses	33	318,462,301	169,994,496
Finance cost	34	137,883,096	83,004,832
		1,133,963,185	653,972,628
Profit before tax		3,183,214,109	2,160,978,824
Taxation	35	425,059,591	310,272,621
Profit after taxation for the year		2,758,154,518	1,850,706,203
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	36	919.38	616.90

The annexed notes from 1 to 54 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

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Statement of Comprehensive Income For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Note	June 30, 2022 Rupees	June 30, 2021 Rupees
Profit after taxation for the year		2,758,154,518	1,850,706,203
Other comprehensive income / (loss)			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-	-
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Actuarial loss on remeasurement of employees retirement benefits - gratuity	9.2	(1,051,556)	(8,712,867)
Related deferred tax on remeasurement of employees retirement benefits - gratuity		227,224	1,950,384
Total comprehensive Income for the year		(824,332)	(6,762,483) 1,843,943,720

The annexed notes from 1 to 54 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Statement of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Revenue	Reserves	
	Share capital General reserve		Unappropriated profits	Total
		Ru	pees	
Balance as at June 30, 2020	30,000,000	4,800,000,000	89,120,050	4,919,120,050
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss	nr - -	-	1,850,706,203 (6,762,483)	1,850,706,203 (6,762,483)
Transfer to general reserve	-	1,500,000,000	(1,500,000,000)	-
Balance as at June 30, 2021	30,000,000	6,300,000,000	433,063,770	6,763,063,770
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss	ır -	-	2,758,154,518 (824,332)	2,758,154,518 (824,332)
Final dividend paid for the year ended June 30, 2021 at the rate of PKR 71.50 per share	_	_	(214,500,000)	(214,500,000)
Transfer to general reserve	-	1,700,000,000	(1,700,000,000)	-
Balance as at June 30, 2022	30,000,000	8,000,000,000	1,275,893,956	9,305,893,956

The annexed notes from 1 to 54 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Bhanero Textile Mills Limited		
Statement of Cash Flows		
For The Year Ended June 30, 2022		
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	3,183,214,109	2,160,978,824
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	340,143,621	263,363,945
Provision for staff retirement benefits - gratuity	61,136,968	48,463,013
Provision for bad debts	92,208,365	10,372,084
Infrastructure fee - ETO	91,764,849	13,217,083
Infrastructure cess - Gas	(5,151,465)	(15,173,820)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(193,586,959)	(50,228,420)
Finance cost	137,883,096	94,080,942
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital	3,707,612,584	2,525,073,651
Working capital changes		
(Increase) / decrease in current assets	(2.425.255.)	4 242 264 425
Inventories	(2,485,077,257)	1,310,964,125
Trade debts	(347,612,476)	(680,997,807)
Loans and advances	(39,824,988)	(9,582,815)
Trade deposits Other receivables	(109,096,953) (22,711,546)	(8,603,778) 14,063,347
Sales tax refundable	(545,666,226)	132,494,805
Sales tax retuildable	(3,549,989,446)	758,337,877
Increase in trade and other payables	717,510,684	230,342,025
Cash generated from operations	875,133,822	3,513,753,553
Finance cost paid	(113,351,273)	(119,016,399)
Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid	(35,115,605)	(42,558,337)
Income taxes paid	(279,420,514)	(77,707,729)
Long term deposits	(13,036,300)	(6,000)
	(440,923,692)	(239,288,465)
Net cash generated from operating activities	434,210,130	3,274,465,088
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	262,652,470	122,846,000
Additions in property, plant and equipment	(4,093,823,328)	(401,911,875)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,831,170,858)	(279,065,875)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of long term financing	(210,745,732)	(101,262,819)
Proceeds from long term financing	2,723,751,413	301,253,570
Short term borrowings - net	-	(1,570,614,112)
Dividend paid	(214,322,866)	(54,063)
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities	2,298,682,815	(1,370,677,424)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,098,277,913)	1,624,721,789
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,739,116,221	114,394,432
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	640,838,308	1,739,116,221

The annexed notes from 1 to 54 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

C





Notes to the financial statements For the year ended June 30, 2022

1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 Bhanero Textile Mills Limited (the Company) was incorporated on 30th March 1980 as a public limited company in Pakistan under repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 now the Companies Act, 2017 and is quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchanges Limited. The registered office of the Company is located at Umer House, 23/1, Sector 23, S. M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industrial Area Karachi.
- **1.2** The company is principally engaged in manufacturing and sales of yarn and fabric. The production facilities are located at Kotri, District Dadu in the province of Sindh and Feroze Wattwan, District Sheikhupura in the province of Punjab.

1.3 Merger and Acquisition

The board of directors' company ('BTML") in their meeting held on February 25, 2022 have approved to acquire Bhanero Energy Ltd Unit-I Kotri, Sindh ("BEL-I") through a Scheme of Arrangement ("Scheme"). On grant of approval by the competent authority the BTML will issue 40,964 ordinary shares at the break up value of the BTML to the shareholders of Bhanero Energy Ltd at the book value of acquired assets, equivalent to PKR 109,008,101.

The Bhanero Energy Limited in unquoted company engaged in power generation activities, it operates with two units located in Sindh and Punjab. The Unit-I located in Sindh generates electricity through natural gas whereas Unit-II located in Punjab generates electricity through furnace based having the generation capacity of 3.726 megawatt and 33.694 megawatt for the Unit-I and Unit-II respectively. The BEL-I does not carry out any other commercial activities in Sindh except supplying its entire power generation facility exclusively to the Bhanero Textile Mills Ltd Unit-I Kotri.

The Scheme will be beneficial for the shareholders of the company since it enables the company to directly exercise control and manage the affairs of BEL-Kotri Unit-I to ensure the uninterrupted supply of energy requirements in a cost-effective manner to the company with an ultimate aim of maximizing shareholder returns.

2 Basis of Preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provision of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments at fair value and employees retirement benefits at present value. In these financial statements, except for cash flow statements, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees which is also the company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Pakistan Rupees has been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

2.4 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended June 30, 2022

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by the management in the application of approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year.

2.5 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards

2.5.1 Standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the company:

Effective date (annual reporting periods beginning on or after

IAS 1	Presentation of financial statements (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 8	Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 12	Income Taxes (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	January 1, 2022
IAS 41	Agriculture (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IFRS 3	Business Combinations (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IFRS 16	Leases (Amendments)	January 1, 2022

The management anticipates that adoption of above standards, amendments and interpretations in future periods, will have no material impact on the financial statements other than in presentation / disclosures.

Further, the following new standards and interpretations have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), for the purpose of their applicability in Pakistan:

- IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
- IFRS 17 Insurance contracts

3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

3.1 Borrowings

Mark-up bearing borrowings are recognized initially at cost, less attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, mark-up bearing borrowings are stated at amortized cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognized in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

3.2 Employee benefits

Short term employees benefits

The company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits to be paid in exchange for services rendered by employees as a liability after deducting amount already paid and as an expense in statement of profit or loss unless it is included in the cost of inventories or property, plant and equipment as permitted or required by the approved accounting standards. If the amount paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of benefits, the excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment would lead to a reduction in future payments or cash refund.

The Company provides for compensated absences of its employees on unavailed balance of leaves in the period in which the leaves are earned.

Post retirement benefits

Defined benefit plans

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme (defined benefit plan) for all its permanent employees who have completed minimum qualifying period of service as defined under the respective scheme. Liability is adjusted annually to cover the obligation and the adjustment is charged to statement of profit or loss. The determination of the Company's obligation under the scheme requires assumptions to be made of future outcomes, the principal ones being in respect of increases in remuneration, expected average remaining working lives of employees and discount rate used to derive present value of defined benefit obligation.

There is risk that the final salary at the time of cessation of service is greater than what the entity has assumed. Since the benefit is calculated on the final salary, the benefit amount would also increase proportionately.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended June 30, 2022

Amounts recognized in the statement of financial position represent the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognized actuarial gains and losses and unrecognized past service cost.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in statement of comprehensive income for the period in which these arise.

3.3 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date, and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. Provision for current tax is based on higher of the taxable income at current rates of taxation in Pakistan after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any, or minimum of turnover. However, for income covered under final tax regime, taxation is based on applicable tax rates under such regime. The amount of unpaid income tax in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as a liability. Any excess paid over what is due in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as an asset.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the statement of financial position liability method providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income that is subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the requirement of "Technical Release - 27" of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. Deferred tax is measured at rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. A deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for deductible temporary differences to the extent that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax is not recognized for timing differences that are not expected to reverse and for the temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of goodwill and initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that at the time of transaction affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit.

3.4 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the statement of financial position when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

3.5 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are recognized and carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not invoices to the company.

3.6 Dividend

Dividend is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is approved by shareholders.

3.7 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Owned assets

Property, plant and equipment, except freehold land and capital work-in-progress are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Freehold land and capital work-in-progress are stated at cost.

Subsequent cost

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended June 30, 2022

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged to expense on reducing balance method over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in property, plant and equipment note except for equipment and other assets. Equipment and other assets are depreciated over the period of three years. Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment is charged from the month in which an item is acquired or capitalized while no depreciation is charged for the month in which the item is disposed off.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is material.

The gain or loss on disposal of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

Impairment

Where the carrying amount of asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

Leased assets

Recognition

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement date. A commencement date is the date on which the lessor makes an underlying asset available for use by the lessee (the Company). The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of all underlying assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset, when new, is of low-value as per the threshold set by the Company. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on straight-line basis over the lease term.

Initial measurement

Lease liability

At the commencement date, the Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or the Company's incremental borrowing rate if the implicit rate is not readily available. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments comprise fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable; variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate; amounts expected to be payable by the Company under residual value guarantees; the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Right-of-use asset

The Company initially measures the right-of-use asset at cost. This cost comprises the amount of lease liability as initially measured, plus any lease payments made on or before the commencement date, less lease incentives received, initial direct costs and estimated terminal costs (i.e. dismantling or other site restoration costs required by the terms and conditions of the lease contract).

Subsequent measurement

Lease liability

After the commencement date, the Company re-measures the lease liability to reflect the affect of interest on outstanding lease liability, lease payments made, reassessments and lease modifications etc. Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the lease liability and interest on lease liability are recognized in the statement of profit or loss account, unless these are included in the carrying amount of another asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability using the incremental borrowing rate implicit in the lease to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Right-of-use asset

After the commencement date, the Company measures the right-of-use asset at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated identified impairment losses, if any, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The Company depreciates the cost of right-of-use asset, net of residual value, from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. However, if the lease contract transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Company by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Company will exercise the purchase option, the Company depreciates the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended June 30, 2022

Ijarah contracts

Payments made under ijarah contract are charged to the statement of profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease as per IFAS 2.

3.8 Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress and stores held for capital expenditure are stated at cost and represents expenditure incurred on property, plant and equipment during construction and installation. Cost includes borrowing cost as referred in accounting policy of borrowing cost. Transfers are made to relevant property, plant and equipment category as and when assets are available for use.

3.9 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Amortised Cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flow represents solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets, impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses, and gain or loss arising on derecognition are recognised directly in profit or loss.

Fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Fair value through profit or loss

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income or assets that are designated at fair value through profit or loss using fair value option, are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Equity instrument financial assets are measured at fair value and subsequent to initial recognition changes in fair value of these financial assets are normally recognised in profit or loss. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payment is established. Where an election is made to present fair value gains and losses on equity instruments in other comprehensive income there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently remeasured to fair value, amortized cost or cost as the case may be. Any gain or loss on the recognition and de-recognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognized when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset. Assets or liabilities that are not contractual in nature and that are created as a result of statutory requirements imposed by the Government are not the financial instruments of the Company.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities at amortised cost are initially measured at fair value less transaction costs. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed on profit or loss.

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective yield method.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender or substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange and modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended June 30, 2022

3.10 Impairment

Financial Assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets. The Company applies the simplified approach to recognise lifetime expected credit losses for trade debts, due from customers and contract assets. The Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognized as an expense in the profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value-in-use. Value-in-use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). An impairment loss is reversed if there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

3.11 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and only the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and the company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.12 Stores and spares

Stores and spares are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

3.13 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade is stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value except waste which is valued at net realizable value. Cost is determined as follows.

Raw material At weighted average cost

Work in progress At average manufacturing cost

Finished goods At average manufacturing cost

Waste Net realizable value

Valuation of raw material, work in process and finished goods as on 30th June 2022 have been valued at lower of cost and net realizable value as per the requirement of IAS 2.

Raw material in transit is stated at invoice price plus other charges paid thereon upto the statement of financial position date.

Average manufacturing cost in relation to work in process and finished goods, consist of direct material and proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal capacity.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs of completion and selling expenses.

3.14 Trade debts and other receivables

These are classified at amortized cost and are initially recognised when they are originated and measured at fair value of consideration receivable. These assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

3.15 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances, cash in transit and balances with bank for the purpose of cash flow statement.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended June 30, 2022

3.16 Revenue recognition

According to the core principles of IFRS-15, the company recognizes the revenue from sale when the company satisfies a performance obligation (at a point of time) by transferring promised goods to customers being when the goods are dispatched to customers. Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is reduced for allowances such as taxes, duties, commission, sales returns and discounts.

Interest income is recognized on the basis of constant periodic rate of return.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established i.e. the book closure date of the investee company declaring the dividend.

Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on revaluation of securities classified as 'fair value through other comprehensive income' are included in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on revaluation of securities classified as 'fair value through profit or loss' are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

3.17 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred on long term finances directly attributable for the construction / acquisition of qualifying assets are capitalized up to the date, the respective assets are available for the intended use. All other mark-up, interest and other related charges are taken to the profit or loss account currently.

3.18 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are retranslated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the statement of financial position date.

Exchange differences, if any, are taken to profit or loss account.

3.19 Transactions with related party

Transactions with related parties are priced at comparable uncontrolled market price. All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course business are conducted at arm's length using valuation modes, as admissible. Parties are said to be related when they meet the definition as provided in the Companies Act, 2017.

3.20 Segment reporting

Segment reporting is based on the operating (business) segments of the company. An operating segment is a component of the company that engages in a business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relates to transactions with any of the company's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed by the CEO to make decision about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the CEO includes items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprises mainly corporate assets, income tax assets, liabilities and related income and expenditure. Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment.

The business segments are engaged in providing products and services which are subject to risks and rewards which differ from the risk and reward of other segment. Segments reported are Spinning, Weaving and Power Generation, which also reflects the management structure of company.

3.21 Deferred Government Grant

In accordance with IFRS 9 the benefit of interest rate lower than the market rate on borrowings obtained under State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) Refinance Scheme for Payment of Wages and Salaries to the Workers and Employees of the entity and temporary economic refinance facility, is accounted for as a government grant which is the difference between amount of loan received and the fair value of the loan on the date of disbursement. The differential amount presented in statement of financial position as deferred government grant. The amortisation of deferred government grant is netted off with finance cost within the statement of profit or loss.

4 Capital Management

The company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The board of directors monitors the return on capital and level of dividends to ordinary shareholders. The company seeks to keep a balance between the higher return that might be possible with higher level of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year. Further, the company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

5 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP CAPITAL

June 30, 2022 Number o	June 30, 2021 of shares		June 30, 2022 Rupees	June 30, 2021 Rupees
1,762,500	1,762,500	Ordinary shares of PKR 10 each allotted for	17,625,000	17,625,000
1,237,500	1,237,500	consideration'- fully paid in cash Ordinary shares of Rs 10. each allotted as bonus shares	12,375,000	12,375,000
3,000,000	3,000,000		30,000,000	30,000,000

^{5.1} Associated company holds 500,600 (2021: 500,600) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each in the company.

6 RESERVES

General reserve - Revenue reserve

8,000,000,000 6,300,000,000 **8,000,000,000** 6,300,000,000

6.1 General reserve is primarily a revenue reserve being maintained to have adequate resources for future requirements and business operations.

7 LONG TERM FINANCING - SECURED

From Financial Institutions

	Limit	Rate	Repayments	Frequency	Security	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Bank Al Habib L	imited					Rupees	Rupees
LTFF	27.6 M	SBP LTFF rate + 0.4%	32 equal quarterly installments commenced from 20 February 2019 and ending on 20 January 2028.	Quarterly	Hypothecation charge over plant and machinery of PKR 54 million of unit III located at Ferozwatton, Sheikhupura- Faisalabad Road, Sheikhupura.	19,334,375	22,784,375
LIII	17.5 M	SBP LTFF rate + 1.5%	32 equal quarterly installments commencing from 22 July 2022 and ending on 22 April 2030.	Quarterly		17,504,000	17,504,000
MCB Bank Limi	ited					36,838,375	40,288,375
	900 M	SBP LTFF rate + 0.4%	32 equal quarterly installments commenced from 30 April 2019 and ending on 05 February 2030.	Quarterly	Hypothecation charge on plant and machinery of PKR 1,351 million of unit Il located at Ferozwatton, Sheikhupura- Faisalabad Road, Sheikhupura.	624,239,596	709,301,345
LTFF	400M	SBP LTFF rate + 0.4%	32 equal quarterly installments commenced from 06 May 2022 and ending on 07 February 2030.	Quarterly		212,027,410	218,867,000
	65 M	SBP LTFF rate + 0.4%	32 equal quarterly installments commenced from 19 February 2022 and ending on 13 November 2029.	Quarterly		44,500,806	47,467,526
Demand Finance	900 M	3M Kibor rate + 0.4%	32 equal quarterly installments commenced from 26 July 2019 and ending on 09 August 2028.	Quarterly		28,985,540	33,709,820
Bank Al Falah I	imited					909,753,352	1,009,345,691
Refinance salaries	215.4 M	SBP LTFF Payment of wages and salaries 0.75%	08 equal quarterly installments commenced from 01 January 2021 and ending on 01 October 2022.	Quarterly	Ranking Charge over current assets of unit III located at Ferozwatton, Sheikhupura- Faisalabad Road, Sheikhupura amounting to PKR. 352 million.	53,688,405	155,128,054
						53,688,405	155,128,054

^{5.2} The shareholders' are entitled to receive all distributions to them including dividend and other entitlements in the form of bonus and right shares as and when declared by the company. All shares carry "one vote" per share without restriction. There is no movement in share capital during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2022 Faysal Bank Limited

TERF	1600 M	SBP TERF rate + 0.60%	32 equal quarterly installments commencing from 26 April 2023 and ending on 01 November 2031.	Quarterly	Hypothecation charge over plant and machinery of PKR 2,294 million of unit III located at	1,146,853,304	73,993,912	
LTFF	113 M	SBP LTFF rate + 0.60%	32 equal quarterly installments commencing from 14 April 2024 and ending on 14 January 2031.	Quarterly	Ferozwatton, Sheikhupura- Faisalabad Road, Sheikhupura.	113,430,613	-	
1,260,283,917 73,993,912 National Bank Limited								
			32 equal quarterly installments					

LTFF	2700 M	SBP LTFF rate + 1.25%	32 equal quarterly installments commencing from 7 July 2024 and ending on 27 July 2032.	Quarterly		54,772,151	-		
DF (Note 7.1)		3 Month KIBOR + 1.25%	32 equal quarterly installments commencing from 28 Oct 2024 and ending on 27 July 2032.	Quarterly	Hypothecation charge over fixed assets of the Company amounting to PKR 3,600 million.	36,231,663	-		
TERF		SBP TERF rate + 1.25%	32 equal quarterly installments commencing from 10 December 2023 and ending on 27 July 2032.	Quarterly					659,008,872
						750,012,686	-		

Less: current maturity shown under current liabilities

3,010,576,735 1,278,756,032 (193,632,985) (201,727,395) 2,816,943,750 1,077,028,637

June 30 2022

June 30, 2021

- 7.1 During the year, these long term loans did not carry rate of interest of State Bank of Pakistan Long Term Financing Facility (LTFF) because these were converted to LTFF subsequent to year end.
- 7.2 The aggregate approved short term borrowing facilities amounted to Rs. 9,206.03 Million (2021: Nil) are unavailed at the reporting date.

8	LONG TER	M PAYABLES	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Infrastructi	ure fee payable - ETO	8.1	225,316,807	133,551,958
	Infrastructi	ure cess payable - Gas	8.2	60,396,490	65,547,955
				285,713,297	199,099,913
	8.1 Mo	ovement in net liability recognized in the statement of financial po	osition		
	Bal	ance at beginning of the year		133,551,958	120,334,875
	Acc	crued for the year		101,309,417	26,432,803
	Pai	d during the year		(9,544,568)	(13,215,720)
	Bal	ance at the end of the year		225,316,807	133,551,958

Sindh Infrastructure Cess was levied by Excise and Taxation Officer ['ETO'] Government of Sindh on movement of imported goods entering the Sindh Province from outside Pakistan and Punjab Infrastructure Tax levied by ETO Government of Punjab on movement of imported goods entering the Punjab Province from outside Pakistan. The Company has filed petition in Lahore High Court against levy by ETO Government of Punjab. The Company has also filed petitions vide CP No. 4301 of 2021, 4305 of 2021, 4497 of 2021 in Supreme Court of Pakistan and obtained stay on the recovery of levy ETO Government of Sindh. During the pendency of final judgement on this, the Honorable Courts granted stay have directed the petitioners to arrange bank guarantees in favour of ETOs.

8.2 Movement in liability recognized in the statement of financial position

Balance at beginning of the year	65,547,955	80,721,775
Accrued for the year	-	2,351,855
Paid during the year	(5,151,465)	(17,525,675)
Balance at the end of the year	60,396,490	65,547,955

The Company vide petition 1234/2021 filed before the High Court of Sindh challenged the recovery of GIDC installments. The High Court of Sindh vide its order dated 22 November 2020 has suspended the recovery of GIDC installments. No further date is fixed for hearing. Further, the Company vide petition 1848/2021 dated 30 August 2021 filed before the High Court of Sindh challenged the levy of GIDC on the ground of the Government's failure to comply with the Supreme Court's judgment dated 13 August 2020 in relation to commencement of work on specified projects.

Bhanero Textile Mills Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2022 STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS Staff retirement benefits - gratuity 9.1 208,934,489 181,861,570 208,934,489 181,861,570 Movement in net liability recognized in the balance sheet Present value of defined benefits obligation - at the beginning of the year 181,861,570 167,244,027 Charged to profit or loss account and comprehensive income 9.2 62,188,524 57,175,880 (42,5<u>58,337)</u> Benefits paid during the year (35.115.605) Present value of defined benefits obligation - at the end of the year 208,934,489 181,861,570 9.2 Amount charged to profit or loss account / other comprehensive income 47,473,912 Current service cost 35,123,158 13.663.056 13.339.855 Interest cost Remeasurement charged to other comprehensive income 1,051,556 8,712,867 62,188,524 57,175,880 9.3 The company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme (defined benefit plan) for all its permanent employees who have completed minimum qualifying period of service as defined under the respective scheme. Provisions are made annually to cover the obligation under the scheme on the basis of actuarial valuation and are charged to income. Actuarial valuation has been carried out by independent valuer as at June 30, 2022 using the projected unit credit method assuming a discount rate of 13.25% (2021: 10%) per annum and expected rate of increase in salaries at 12.25% (2021: 9%) per annum. 9.4 There is no unrecognized actuarial loss / gain. 9.5 Historical information 2021 2020 2019 2018 Rupees Rupees Rupees Rupees Present value of defined benefits obligation 181,861,570 167,244,027 148,844,904 149,566,641 Experience adjustments on plan liabilities 8,712,867 7,430,001 (13,487,793) (5,902,811) 9.6 Sensitivity analysis of actuarial assumptions The calculation of defined benefit obligation is sensitive to assumptions given above. The below information summarizes how the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period would have increased / (decreased) as a result of change in respective assumptions by 100 basis point. Increase in Decrease in assumption assumption

(9,345,904)

10,403,182

10,403,182

(9,505,346)

9.7 The expected gratuity expense comprising of service cost and net interest for the year ending 30th June 2023 works out to PKR 70,532,522 million. The average duration of defined benefit obligation is 6 years.

Expected rate of increase in future salary

10	DEFERRED TAXATION	Note	June 30, 2022 Rupees	Rupees
	Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences	10.1	311,899,581	225,786,408
	Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences		(80,344,321)	(60,499,514)
			231.555.260	165.286.894

10.1 Deferred taxation

Discount rate

Deterred taxation				
Deferred tax liability / (assets) arising in respect of:				
		20	022	
	As at	Recognized in	Recognized in other	As at
	July 01 2021	profit and loss	comprehensive income	June 30 ,2022
Taxable temporary differences			ilicome	
Accelerated tax depreciation on owned assets	225,786,408	86,113,173	_	311,899,581
Accelerated tax depreciation on owned assets	225,786,408	86,113,173		311,899,581
Deductible temporary differences	223,780,408	80,113,173	-	311,699,361
Provision for employee benefit	(40,709,894)	(4,210,282)	(227,224)	(45,147,400)
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	(19,789,620)	(15,407,301)	(227,224)	(35,196,921)
Trovision for dodotral debts and davances	(60,499,514)	(19,617,583)	(227,224)	(80,344,321)
	165,286,894	66,495,590	(227,224)	231,555,260
		20,100,000	(==: /== :/	
		20	021	
			Recognized in	
	As at	Recognized in	other	As at
	July 01 2020	profit and loss	comprehensive	June 30 ,2021
			income	
Taxable temporary differences				
Accelerated tax depreciation on owned assets	201,936,843	23,849,565	-	225,786,408
	201,936,843	23,849,565	-	225,786,408
Deductible temporary differences				
Provision for employee benefit	(32,271,926)	(6,487,584)	(1,950,384)	(40,709,894)
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	(17,520,204)	(2,269,416)	-	(19,789,620)
	(49,792,130)	(8,757,000)	(1,950,384)	(60,499,514)
	152,144,713	15,092,565	(1,950,384)	165,286,894

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

10.1.2 Revenue from export sales of the Company is subject to taxation under the final tax regime, while the remaining portion of revenue attracts assessment under normal provisions of the Ordinance. Deferred tax is provided for only that portion of timing differences that represent income taxable under normal provisions of the Ordinance. These differences are calculated at that proportion of total timing differences that the local sales, other than the indirect exports taxable under section 154 (3) of the Ordinance, bear to the total sales revenue based on historical and future trends. Deferred tax has been calculated at 33% of the timing differences so determined based on tax rates notified by the Government of Pakistan for future tax years.

11 DEFERRED GOVERNMENT GRANT

Deferr	ed Government grant	11.1	673,119,963	24,407,257
			673,119,963	24,407,257
11.1	Deferred Revenue - Govt Grant			
	Balance at beginning of year		35,149,787	5,177,459
	During the year		857,069,985	41,048,438
	Amortization during the year		(75,885,007)	(11,076,110)
			816,334,765	35,149,787
	Less: current portion		(143,214,802)	(10,742,530)
	Balance at the end of the year		673,119,963	24,407,257

- 11.1.2 The Company obtained term loan / SBP COVID-19 relief facility under "SBP refinance scheme for payment of wages and salaries" introduced by Government of Pakistan in order to prevent entities from laying-off employees during COVID-19 outbreak. The Company obtained Rs. 215.408 million, for paying salaries for the months from April 2020 to September 2020. The loan is repayable in eight equal quarterly installments, starting from January 2021. This long term financing facility is secured by way of hypothecation charge over current assets of the Company. The facility carries mark-up at State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) rate (currently 0%) plus bank's spread of 0.75% per annum starting from the date of disbursement and is payable in arrears on quarterly basis. The loan has been measured at its fair value in accordance with IFRS 9 (Financial Instruments) using market rates at SBP approval dates of each tranche. The difference between fair value of loan and loan proceeds has been recognized as deferred grant as per requirements of IAS 20 (Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance) and as per Circular 11/2020 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 11.1.3 During the year, the Company availed long term financing from Faysal Bank Limited amounting to PKR 1,497.67 million (2021: 102.33) million and from National Bank of Pakistan amounting to PKR 1,021.7 million (2021: Nil) under "SBP Temporary Economic Refinance Facility" for additions of new plant & machinery. The facility carries mark-up at State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) rate 1% plus bank's spread ranging from 0.60% per annum to 1% per annum starting from the date of disbursement and are payable in arrears on quarterly basis. The loans have been measured at its fair value in accordance with IFRS 9 (Financial Instruments) using market rates at SBP approval dates of each tranche. The difference between fair value of loan and loan proceeds has been recognized as deferred grant as per requirements of IAS 20 (Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance) and as per selected opinion issued in November 2020 by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

12	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		Note	June 30, 2022 Rupees	June 30, 2021 Rupees
	Creditors			884,165,514	377,216,036
	Advance from customers & others		12.2	36,809,595	18,552,740
	Accrued liabilities			310,548,250	179,824,594
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund		12.3	161,290,382	116,211,377
	Sales tax payable			-	53,060,404
	Workers Welfare Fund			177,993,460	113,029,906
	Others			8,653,795	4,055,255
				1,579,460,996	861,950,312
	12.1 These include amounts due to following rela	ated party in the normal course of business.			
	Name of Company	Relationship			
	Bhanero Energy Limited	Associated Company		34,717,004	44,963,139

12.2 Advance received from customer is recognised as revenue when the performance obligation in accordance with the policy is satisfied. Revenue for an amount of Rs. 2,811,917 (2021: Rs. 7,095,799) has been recognised in current year in respect of advances from customers at the beginning of period.

12.3 Workers' profit participation fund

Opening balance		116,211,377	24,524,276
Interest on funds utilized in the Company's business	12.3.1	9,926,534	2,899,944
		126,137,911	27,424,220
Paid to the fund		(126,137,911)	(27,424,220)
		-	-
Allocation for the year	33	161,290,382	116,211,377
		161,290,382	116,211,377

12.3.1 Interest on workers' profit participation fund has been provided @536.25% (2021: 375.5%) per annum.

13 UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND

	Unclaimed dividend	_	1,519,833	1,342,699
14	ACCRUED MARKUP / INTEREST			
	Mark-up accrued on secured:			
	- long term financing		29,288,234	6,813,685
	- short term borrowings		2,078,772	21,498
		_	31,367,006	6,835,183
15	CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM FINANCING			
	Long-term financing	7	193,632,985	201,727,395
	Deferred govt. grant	11.1	143,214,802	10,742,530

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336,847,787

212,469,925

Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

16 INCOME TAX REFUNDABLE/ PROVISION FOR TAXATION

Provision for taxation	35	358,564,001	290,975,056
Income tax refundable / adjustable		(284,817,527)	(296,372,069)
		73.746.474	(5.397.013)

17 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

17.1 Various banking companies have issued guarantees on behalf of the Company and discounted receivables of the Company as detailed below:

Bills discounted	929,073,884	539,912,451
Bank guarantees	487.086.597	368.863.537

- 17.2 The Company has issued post dated cheques amounting to PKR 729,423,895 (2021: PKR 688,661,450) in favour of Collector of Customs in lieu of custom levies against various statutory notifications. The post dated cheques furnished by the company are likely to be released after the fulfilment of term of
- 17.3 The Company vide petition ICA 239111 of 2018 filed before the High Court of Lahore challenged the recovery of Cotton Cess against the judgment passed in writ petition No. 311009 of 2016 and writ petition No. 214708 of 2018 respectively. No further date is fixed for hearing.

Commitments

Letter of credit (for store, raw material and fixed assets) Commitments for capital expenditure

6,621,568,727	5,105,556,165
257,644,452	758,430,450

The Company has entered into Ijarah arrangements for vehicles with Meezan Bank Limited. These arrangements have been made for the period of five years. Such arrangements carry Bench Mark Rate of 0.5% per annum over the 3 Month KIBOR. The rate would be fixed for the first three months on the last working day before the first disbursement date and subsequently on each last working day immediately preceding the beginning of next three months. Lease rentals shall be revised in accordance with the change in KIBOR to appropriately reflect the Bench Mark. Future Ijarah payments due under these arrangements at the period end are as follows:

	138,027,364	-
Later than five years	-	-
Later than one year & not later than five years	106,418,566	-
Not later than one year	31,608,798	-

18 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Operating fixed assets 18.1 4,607,486,317 2,911,960,350 Capital work in progress 18.6 2,169,614,127 180,525,898 3,092,486,248 6,777,100,444

18.6 CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

	June 30, 2022			
	As at July 01, 2021	Additions	Transfers	As at June 30, 2022
	PKR	PKR	PKR	PKR
Building and civil works	73,051,623	849,539,371	151,414,725	771,176,269
Plant and machinery	107,474,275	2,980,408,252	1,898,050,008	1,189,832,519
quipment and other Assets	-	26,377,256	26,377,256	-
ectric installation	-	208,605,339	-	208,605,339
	180,525,898	4,064,930,218	2,075,841,989	2,169,614,127
	<u> </u>	June 3	0, 2021	
	As at	Additions	Transfers	As at

	As at July 01, 2020 PKR	Additions PKR	Transfers PKR	As at June 30, 2021 PKR	
Building and civil works	5,680,909	67,370,714	-	73,051,623	
Plant and machinery	16,212,417	108,237,345	16,975,487	107,474,275	
	21,893,326	175,608,059	16,975,487	180,525,898	

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Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

18.1 OPERATING FIXED ASSETS

				ear Ended June 30,	2022					
		COS	ST		DEPRECIATION				Book value as at	
PARTICULARS	As at July 01, 2021	Additions / (disposals)	Transfers	As at June 30, 2022	As at July 01, 2021	For the year	Transfers / (disposal)	As at June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022	Rate
					Rupees					
Company owned										
Leasehold land	433,414	-	-	433,414	_	-		-	433,414	-
Freehold land	660,724,005	4,802,105	-	665,526,110	-	-		-	665,526,110	-
Building on leasehold land	174,351,730	-	_	174,351,730	120,239,643	5,497,140	_	125,736,783	48,614,947	10%
Building on freehold land	473,447,260	130,438,591	-	603,885,851	290,751,909	24,791,468	-	315,543,377	288,342,474	
Office premises on leasehold land	29,894,675	-	_	29,894,675	18,853,937	552,037	-	19,405,974	10,488,701	5%
Office premises on freehold land	112,306,388	20,976,134	-	133,282,522	49,336,066	3,672,919	-	53,008,985	80,273,537	5%
Plant and machinery	4,287,400,716	- 1,898,050,008	-	5,819,154,508	2,480,566,504	271,173,472	-	2,453,105,322	3,366,049,186	10%
Thank and machiner,	1,207,100,720	(366,296,216)	-	3,013,13 1,300	2, 100,500,501	-	(298,634,654)	2, 133,103,022	3,300,013,200	2070
Equipments and other assets	157,436,448	26,377,256	-	183,813,704	127,077,475	17,261,745	-	144,339,220	39,474,484	Three y
Electric Installation	78,506,475	-	-	78,506,475	44,173,389	3,359,506	-	47,532,895	30,973,580	10%
Gas Line & Pipe	7,180,289	-	-	7,180,289	5,721,997	145,829	-	5,867,826	1,312,463	10%
Cooling towers	5,223,570	-	-	5,223,570	4,126,388	109,718	-	4,236,106	987,464	10%
Ventilation system	2,094,912	-	-	2,094,912	1,271,516	82,340	-	1,353,856	741,056	10%
Boiler	24,032,925	-	-	24,032,925	15,457,966	857,496	-	16,315,462	7,717,463	10%
Factory equipments	5,650,258	-	-	5,650,258	5,072,197	57,806	-	5,130,003	520,255	10%
Furniture and fixtures - Factory	6,458,676	-	-	6,458,676	5,020,480	143,820	-	5,164,300	1,294,376	10%
Office equipments	29,257,136	7,728,000	-	36,985,136	21,001,461	1,018,768	-	22,020,229	14,964,907	10%
Furniture and fixtures - Office	2,657,972	-	-	2,657,972	1,349,373	130,860	-	1,480,233	1,177,739	10%
Vehicles	119,185,984	16,363,005	-	121,851,997	74,262,182	11,288,697	-	73,257,836	48,594,161	20%
		(13,696,992)				-	(12,293,043)			
June 30, 2022	6,176,242,833	2,104,735,099	-	7,900,984,724	3,264,282,483	340,143,621	• • • •	3,293,498,407	4,607,486,317	_
		(379,993,208)	-	-		-	(310,927,697)			_

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year Ended June 30, 2021

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	COST				DEPRECIATION				Darely value as at	
PARTICULARS	As at July 01, 2020	Additions / (disposals)	Transfers	As at June 30, 2021	As at July 01, 2020	For the year	Transfers / (disposal)	As at June 30, 2021	Book value as at June 30, 2021	Rate
	2020	(uisposais)		2021	Rupees		(uisposai)	2021		Nate
Company owned										
Leasehold land	433,414	-	-	433,414	-	-	-	-	433,414	-
Freehold land	542,200,660	190,497,419 (71,974,074)	-	660,724,005	-	-	-	-	660,724,005	-
Building on leasehold land	174,351,730	-	-	174,351,730	114,131,709	6,107,934	-	120,239,643	54,112,087	10%
Building on freehold land	473,447,260	-	-	473,447,260	270,452,426	20,299,483	-	290,751,909	182,695,351	10%
Office premises on leasehold land	29,894,675	-	-	29,894,675	18,272,845	581,092	-	18,853,937	11,040,738	5%
Office premises on freehold land	112,306,388	-	-	112,306,388	46,021,838	3,314,228	-	49,336,066	62,970,322	5%
Plant and machinery	4,270,425,229	-	16,975,487	4,287,400,716	2,279,858,496	200,708,008	-	2,480,566,504	1,806,834,212	10%
Equipments and other assets	- 131,851,201	- 25,585,247	-	157,436,448	- 110,873,726	- 16,203,749	-	- 127,077,475	30,358,973	Three ye
Electric Installation	78,506,475	-	-	78,506,475	40,440,605	3,732,784	-	44,173,389	34,333,086	10%
Gas line and pipe	7,180,289	-	-	7,180,289	5,559,964	162,033	-	5,721,997	1,458,292	10%
Cooling towers	5,223,570	-	-	5,223,570	4,004,479	121,909	-	4,126,388	1,097,182	10%
Ventilation system	2,094,912	-	-	2,094,912	1,180,027	91,489	-	1,271,516	823,396	10%
Boiler	24,032,925	-	-	24,032,925	14,505,193	952,773	-	15,457,966	8,574,959	10%
Factory equipment	5,650,258	-	-	5,650,258	5,007,968	64,229	-	5,072,197	578,061	10%
Furniture and fixtures - Factory	6,458,676	-	-	6,458,676	4,860,682	159,798	-	5,020,480	1,438,196	10%
Office equipments	29,257,136	-	-	29,257,136	20,084,163	917,298	-	21,001,461	8,255,675	10%
Furniture and fixtures - Office	2,657,972	-	-	2,657,972	1,203,973	145,400	-	1,349,373	1,308,599	10%
Vehicles	114,943,114	10,221,150	-	119,185,984	69,795,218	9,801,738	-	74,262,182	44,923,802	10%
		(5,978,280)	-			<u> </u>	(5,334,774)			20%
June 30, 2021	6,010,915,884	226,303,816	16,975,487	6,176,242,833	3,006,253,312	263,363,945	-	3,264,282,483	2,911,960,350	_
	-	(77,952,354)	-	-	-	-	(5,334,774)	-	-	

18.2 Equipment and other assets includes assets amounting to PKR 15,710,241 (2021: PKR 15,710,241) which has been fully depreciated.

18.3 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:	Note	June 30, 2022 Rupees	June 30, 2021 Rupees
Cost of sales	29	327,692,336	252,485,111
Administrative expenses	32	12,451,285	10,878,834
		340,143,621	263,363,945

18.4 Freehold lands of the Company are located at Feroze Wattoan Sheikhupura with an area of 883 kanal 01 marla (2021: 880 kanal 8 marla), at Gajumata Kasur 48 Kanal (2021: 48 Kanal) and Leasehold land are located at Kotri with an area of 104 Kanal (2021: 104 Kanal).

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

18.5 DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

				Year Ended June	e 30, 2022		
Description	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyer
			Rupees				
<u>Machinery</u>							
04 No. Picanol Looms	15,383,583	12,449,665	2,933,918	12,446,084	9,512,166	Negotiation	Deira Trading Center LLC, WH # 6 Safetex, Paniwala Road AD Ind Area, UAE
06 No. Picanol Looms	23,170,065	18,749,565	4,420,500	18,774,382	14,353,882	Negotiation	Deira Trading Center LLC, WH # 6 Safetex, Paniwala Road AD Ind Area, UAE
06 No. Picanol Looms	22,973,004	18,593,214	4,379,790	18,830,888	14,451,098	Negotiation	Deira Trading Center LLC, WH # 6 Safetex, Paniwala Road AD Ind Area, UAE
08 No. Picanol Looms	30,764,606	24,946,981	5,817,625	25,196,459	19,378,834	Negotiation	Deira Trading Center LLC, WH # 6 Safetex, Paniwala Road AD Ind Area, UAE
08 No. Picanol Looms	30,628,112	24,838,364	5,789,748	25,291,034	19,501,286	Negotiation	Deira Trading Center LLC, WH # 6 Safetex, Paniwala Road AD Ind Area, UAE
12 No. Picanol Looms	46,324,771	37,636,494	8,688,277	38,006,073	29,317,796	Negotiation	Deira Trading Center LLC, WH # 6 Safetex, Paniwala Road AD Ind Area, UAE
16 No. Picanol Looms	61,713,473	50,140,048	11,573,425	51,632,350	40,058,925	Negotiation	Green forest General Trading FZE, BC 1301523 Ajman Free Zone, UAE
16 No. Picanol Looms	61,839,727	50,340,574	11,499,153	52,525,200	41,026,047	Negotiation	Green forest General Trading FZE, BC 1301523 Ajman Free Zone, UAE
12 No. Picanol Looms	46,271,883	37,893,768	8,378,115	10,800,000	2,421,885	Negotiation	Sapphire Industries, D-198/5, Single MashAllah Compound, Street 3 SITE, Ka
02 No. Picanol Looms	7,655,108	6,306,980	1,348,128	1,600,000	251,872	Negotiation	Denim & Denim Mills, G-5, Court View Apartment, Sindh Assembly, Karachi
04 No. Picanol Looms	15,365,283	12,659,327	2,705,956	2,800,000	94,044	Negotiation	Hanoof Textile, Chak # 120, Sargodha Road, Faisalabad
Murata Auto Coner	4,206,601	4,079,674	126,927	1,000,000	873,073	Negotiation	Denim & Denim Mills, G-5, Court View Apartment, Sindh Assembly, Karachi
	366,296,216	298,634,654	67,661,562	258,902,470	191,240,908		
<u>Vehicles</u>							
Suzuki Cultus LEC 11-2061	941,900	842,450	99,450	300,000	200,550	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Altaf, H # 68-B Railway Officer Colony, Walton, Lahore
Toyota Corolla LEA 10-6259	1,443,630	1,335,744	107,886	350,000	242,114	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Altaf, H # 68-B Railway Officer Colony, Walton, Lahore
Suzuki Alto LEC 12-6268	887,313	771,528	115,785	300,000	184,215	Negotiation	Mr. Ahmed Ali, H # 442/B-VII, Church Raod, Sahiwal
Suzuki Cultus LEC 07-7637	627,250	602,360	24,890	200,000	175,110	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Altaf, H # 68-B Railway Officer Colony, Walton, Lahore
Toyota Corolla LEA 10-6251	1,443,630	1,343,185	100,445	400,000	299,555	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Altaf, H # 68-B Railway Officer Colony, Walton, Lahore
Toyota Hilux LEE 12-5960	5,643,449	4,919,136	724,313	1,500,000	775,687	Negotiation	Mr. Amjad Mushtaq, H # 37, Block E, Maraghzar Colony, Lahore
Toyota Corolla LEF-9452	1,968,440	1,863,025	105,415	500,000	394,585	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Altaf, H # 68-B Railway Officer Colony, Walton, Lahore
Suzuki Mehran LEB 14-8491	741,380	615,615	125,765	200,000	74,235	Negotiation	Ms. Farzana, H # 53, Sector R, Phase 8, DHA, Lahore
	13,696,992	12,293,043	1,403,949	3,750,000	2,346,051		
30-Jun-22	379,993,208	310,927,697	69,065,511	262,652,470	193,586,959		

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year ended June 30, 2021										
Description	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		Particulars of buyer			
			Rupees							
Office premises on lease hold land										
Land	71,974,074	-	71,974,074	121,380,000	49,405,926	Negotiation	Umer Farms (Private) Limited, Lahore - Associated Company			
	71,974,074	-	71,974,074	121,380,000	49,405,926					
Machinery										
<u>Vehicles</u>										
Toyota Corolla LEA-10 5338	1,443,630	1,306,447	137,183	300,000	162,817	Negotiation	Mr. Ansar Mehmood, PO Jand Mahlu, Gojar Khan, Rawalpindi			
Suzuki Bolan CT 1507	565,690	514,718	50,972	166,000	115,028	Negotiation	Mr. Zafar Iqbal, Mohalla Sher Baba, Kawas, District Ziarat			
Toyota Corolla LEC 2596	1,530,390	1,311,577	218,813	400,000	181,187	Negotiation	Mr. Altaf, H # 68 Railway Colony Walton, Lahore			
Toyota Corolla LEC-12 2454	1,525,890	1,316,111	209,779	400,000	190,221	Negotiation	Mr. Altaf, H # 68 Railway Colony Walton, Lahore			
Toyota Corolla LWL 8925	912,680	885,921	26,759	200,000	173,241	Negotiation	Mr. Altaf, H # 68 Railway Colony Walton, Lahore			
	5,978,280	5,334,774	643,506	1,466,000	822,494	-				
30-Jun-21	77,952,354	5,334,774	72,617,580	122,846,000	50,228,420					

		ile Mills Limited			
		Financial Statements Ended June 30, 2022			
		rerm deposits			
		ELITI DEI OSTIS			
	Ijara d	eposits		13,022,800	-
	Electri			28,107,540	28,107,540
	Teleph	none		33,600	33,600
	Others	5	18.1	432,176	418,676
				41,596,116	28,559,816
	19 1	It includes security deposit amounting to Rs. 20,000 (June 2021: Rs. 20,000) g	iven to Admiral (Private) Limited a		
	10.1	building.	to mannar (mate, emitea, a	associated compa	.,, agasc .c
20	STORES	S, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS			
20				425 200 404	05 476 024
		and spares		135,388,484	95,176,831
	Facking	g material		14,960,144	12,599,265
				150,348,628	107,776,096
	20.1	No item of stores, spares and loose tools is pledged as security as at reporting	late.		
21	STOCK	IN TRADE			
	Raw ma	aterial	21.1	3,579,609,170	2,018,860,353
	Raw ma	aterial in transit		449,891,086	38,546,837
		n process		259,005,475	185,829,049
	Finishe	d goods		813,407,832	416,172,599
				5,101,913,563	2,659,408,838
		No item of stock in trade is pledged as security as at reporting date. Stock of finished goods includes stock of waste valued at Rs. 2,412,274 (30-Jun	21: Pc 1 977 016) The entire stock	of wasto is valued at	not roalizable
	21.2	value.	21. NS. 1,077,910). The entire stock	or waste is valued at	. Het realizable
22	TRADE	DEBTS			
	Foreig	n - secured against letter of credit		360,677,957	174,002,310
		unsecured - considered good		1,522,846,066	1,454,117,602
	Local -	unsecured - considered doubtful		165,389,592	83,553,311
	Allows	ance for ECL on trade debts	22.1	2,048,913,615	1,711,673,223
	Allowa	since for ECL offitiade debts	22.1	(165,389,592)	(83,553,311
	22.4	Particular of all and the second state of		1,883,524,023	1,628,119,912
	22.1	Particulars of allowance for ECL on trade debts		02 552 211	9F 042 604
		Balance at beginning of the year Charge during the year	33	83,553,311 92,208,365	85,943,604 10,372,084
		Allowance no longer required / recovered	33	(10,372,084)	(12,762,377
		Balance at the end of the year		165,389,592	83,553,311
				103,303,332	65,555,511
23	LOANS	AND ADVANCES			
		ces to :			
		pliers - Unsecured (considered good)	22.4	60,536,944	13,191,152
		ployees - Secured (considered good) ployees - Unsecured (considered doubtful)	23.1	4,939,064	6,406,465
		in transit		1,165,000 225,405	1,165,000 6,278,808
	2,0	in cursic		66,866,413	27,041,425
	Provisio	on for doubtful advances	23.2	(1,165,000)	(1,165,000
				65,701,413	25,876,425
	22.4	The second secon	and the second s		23,070,123
		These represent advances to employees against future salaries and post employees	yment benefits in accordance with t	the company policy.	
	23.2	Provision for doubtful advances			
		Balance at beginning of the year		1,165,000	1,165,000
		Charge during the year		-	-
		Provision no longer required/ recovered		-	-
		Balance at the ended of the year		1,165,000	1,165,000
				June 30, 2022	
24	TRADE	DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS	Note	Rupees	June 30, 2021 Rupees
				•	·
		its against infrastructure fees	24.1	238,444,861	136,444,861
		d expenses n against letter of credit		2,686,312	389,502 332,327
	iviaigii	raganist letter of credit		5,132,470	
				246,263,643	137,166,690
	24.1	Effective mark up rate on these deposits range from 5.5% to 11.1% per annum	June 30, 2021: 4.70% to 11.83% pe	r annum).	
25		RECEIVABLES - UNSECURED		•	
25	OTHER	RECEIVABLES - UNSECURED			
		fundable - Considered doubtful		680,624	680,624
		of credits		7,043	_
	Claims	receivable - Considered good		28,938,730	6,234,227
	Drovist	on for doubtful receivables		29,626,397	6,914,851
	PLOVISIO	on for doubtful receivables		(680,624)	(680,624

		ctile Mills Limited			
or I		Financial Statements r Ended June 30. 2022			
26		TAX REFUNDABLE			
	Sales t	tax and federal excise duty refundable		608,870,900	63,204,67
	Federa	al excise duty and 1% Special excise duty refundable - considered doubtful		3,006,390	3,006,39
	Provisi	ion for non refundable		(3,006,390)	(3,006,39)
				-	
27	DANK	BALANCES		608,870,900	63,204,67
21					
		ces with banks on: urrent accounts		636,001,983	1,736,582,02
		eving Account	27.1	1,519,833	1,730,382,02
		oreign currency account - current		3,316,492	2,534,20
				640,838,308	1,739,116,22
	27 1	It carries mark up at the rate of 2.32% to 6.23% per annum (2021: Nil).			
28	SALES	i - NET			
	Export			2 247 226 042	005 024 42
	Yarı Fab			3,317,226,912 4,049,895,616	985,021,42 2,059,815,46
	1 00			7,367,122,528	3,044,836,89
	Export	t Rebate		199,003	382,04
				7,367,321,531	3,045,218,93
	Local	n		9 000 074 436	0 122 202 55
	Yarn Fabr			8,989,974,126 2,749,700,310	8,122,292,55 2,356,006,13
		ton and polyester		2,465,426	12,337,11
	Scra	ар		10,976,959	5,433,12
	Was	ste and others		187,462,926	165,659,08
				11,940,579,747 19,307,901,278	10,661,728,01 13,706,946,94
				19,307,901,278	13,700,940,94
	Regula Discou	atory duty		(71,115)	(31,08
	Sales t			(2,055,321,113)	(1,548,802,79
				(2,055,392,228)	(1,548,833,87
				17,252,509,050	12,158,113,06
29	COST	OF SALES	Note	June 30, 2022 Rupees	June 30, 2021 Rupees
	Raw m	and a state of a large state of the state of			
			29.1	10.600.582.371	6.301.666.63
	Ctoroc	naterial consumed ng material consumed	29.1	10,600,582,371 117,609,966	
		ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools		117,609,966 237,263,066	87,635,26
	Salarie	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits	29.1	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33
	Salarie Fees a	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription		117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06
	Salarie Fees a	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water		117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42
	Salarie Fees a Fuel .p Insura	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water		117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,42
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insural Vehicle Rent, r	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes		117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,42 9,852,56 625,41
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insural Vehicle Rent, r Repair	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription poower and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance		117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94
	Salarie Fees ar Fuel .p Insurar Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes srs and maintenance nunication		117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insural Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription poower and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance		117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,306 1,133,805,42 25,521,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,49
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insural Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water since le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation	29.2	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,49 252,485,11 3,022,14
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insural Vehick Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Deprec Others	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation s	29.2	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,49 252,485,11 3,022,14
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insural Vehick Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Deprec Others	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water ence le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation s in process	29.2	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,45 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53
	Salarie Fees ai Fuel .p Insurai Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Deprec Others	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits end subscription spower and water ence le running and maintenance rate and taxes ras and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation s in process ening stock	29.2	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,49 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53
	Salarie Fees ai Fuel .p Insurai Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Deprec Others	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water ence le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation s in process	29.2	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,49 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insural Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Depred Others Work i Ope Clos	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits end subscription spower and water ence le running and maintenance rate and taxes ras and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation s in process ening stock	29.2	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,310,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,49 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insurai Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Deprec Others Work i Ope Clos	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription apower and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes rate and taxes rand maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation s in process ening stock sing stock of goods manufactured	29.2 18.3	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,305 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,333 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 27,322,94 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53 158,886,28 (185,829,04 (26,942,76 8,809,631,77
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insural Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Depree Others Work i Ope Clos Cost of	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance ectation s in process ening stock of goods manufactured of raw material sold	29.2	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,309 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,333 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 27,322,94 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53 158,886,28 (185,829,04 (26,942,76 8,809,631,77
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insural Vsural Vsural Vsural Comm Traveli Deprec Others Work i Ope Clos Cost o' Finishe	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription opower and water once le running and maintenance rate and taxes ras and maintenance runication ling and conveyance eciation s in process ening stock sing stock of goods manufactured of raw material sold ed stocks	29.2 18.3	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,45 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53 158,886,28 (185,829,04 (26,942,76 8,809,631,77
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insural Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Depree Others Work i Ope Clos Cost of Finishe	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription spower and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation s in process ening stock sing stock of goods manufactured of raw material sold eed stocks ning stock	29.2 18.3	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456 1,477,445	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,45 252,485,11 3,022,12 8,836,574,53 158,886,28 (185,829,04 (26,942,76 8,809,631,77
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insurai Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Deprec Others Work i Ope Clos Cost o' Finishe Oper Finisl	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription opower and water once le running and maintenance rate and taxes ras and maintenance runication ling and conveyance eciation s in process ening stock sing stock of goods manufactured of raw material sold ed stocks	29.2 18.3	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456 1,477,445	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,46 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53 (185,829,04 (26,942,76 8,809,631,77
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insurai Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Deprec Others Work i Ope Clos Cost o' Finishe Oper Finisl	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription spower and water since le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation s in process ening stock sing stock of goods manufactured of raw material sold ed stocks ening stock shed goods purchases	29.2 18.3	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456 1,477,445	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,44 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,45 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53 (185,886,28 (185,889,03 1,77 10,682,90 856,636,11 165,637,33 (416,172,53
	Salarie Fees al Fuel .p Insurai Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Deprec Others Work i Ope Clos Cost o' Finishe Oper Finisl	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription spower and water since le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation s in process ening stock sing stock of goods manufactured of raw material sold ed stocks ening stock shed goods purchases	29.2 18.3	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456 1,477,445 416,172,599 13,886,360 (813,407,832) (383,348,873)	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 2354,48 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53 (185,829,04 (26,942,76 8,809,631,77 10,682,90 856,636,11 165,637,3 (416,172,55 606,100,87
	Salarie Fees au Fuel .p Insurau Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Depree Others Work i Ope Clos Cost o Finishe Oper Finish Closi	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation s in process ening stock sing stock of goods manufactured of raw material sold eed stocks ning stock shed goods purchases ing stock	29.2 18.3	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456 1,477,445	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 2354,48 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53 (185,829,04 (26,942,76 8,809,631,77 10,682,90 856,636,11 165,637,3 (416,172,55 606,100,87
	Salarie Fees au Fuel .p Insurau Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Depree Others Work i Ope Clos Cost o Finishe Oper Finish Closi	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation s in process ening stock sing stock of goods manufactured of raw material sold ed stocks sing stock shed goods purchases ing stock	29.2 18.3	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456 1,477,445 416,172,599 13,886,360 (813,407,832) (383,348,873) 13,178,129,028	87,635,26 209,934,86 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,43 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,46 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53 158,886,28 (185,829,04 (26,942,76 8,809,631,77 10,682,90 856,636,11 165,6367,33 (416,172,55 606,100,87
	Salarie Fees au Fuel .p Insurau Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Depree Others Work i Ope Clos Cost o Finishe Oper Finish Closi	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance ectation s s in process ening stock soft goods manufactured of raw material sold ed stocks sing stock shed goods purchases ing stock Sea Manufactured Opening stock Raw material consumed Opening stock	29.2 18.3	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456 1,477,445 416,172,599 13,886,360 (813,407,832) (383,348,873) 13,178,129,028	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,49 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53 158,886,28 (185,829,04 (26,942,76 8,809,631,77 10,682,90 856,636,11 165,637,35 (416,172,59 606,100,87 9,426,415,55
	Salarie Fees au Fuel .p Insurau Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Depree Others Work i Ope Clos Cost o Finishe Oper Finish Closi	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance eciation s in process ening stock sing stock of goods manufactured of raw material sold ed stocks sing stock shed goods purchases ing stock	29.2 18.3	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456 1,477,445 416,172,599 13,886,360 (813,407,832) (383,348,873) 13,178,129,028	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,49 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53 158,886,28 (185,829,04 (26,942,76 8,809,631,77 10,682,90 856,636,11 165,637,35 4(16,172,59 606,100,87 9,426,415,55
	Salarie Fees au Fuel .p Insurau Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Depree Others Work i Ope Clos Cost o Finishe Oper Finish Closi	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools es, wages and benefits and subscription power and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance nunication ling and conveyance ectation s s in process ening stock soft goods manufactured of raw material sold ed stocks sing stock shed goods purchases ing stock Sea Manufactured Opening stock Raw material consumed Opening stock	29.2 18.3	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,130,439 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456 1,477,445 416,172,599 13,886,360 (813,407,832) (383,348,873) 13,178,129,028	87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,49 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53 158,886,28 (185,829,04 (26,942,76 8,809,631,77 10,682,90 856,636,11 165,637,35 (416,172,59 606,100,87 9,426,415,55
	Salarie Fees au Fuel .p Insurau Vehicle Rent, r Repair Comm Traveli Depree Others Work i Ope Clos Cost o Finishe Oper Finish Closi	ng material consumed s, spares and loose tools ses, wages and benefits and subscription spower and water ance le running and maintenance rate and taxes rs and maintenance runication ling and conveyance sciation s in process ening stock sing stock of goods manufactured of raw material sold ed stocks ning stock shed goods purchases ing stock Raw material consumed Opening stock Purchases - net	29.2 18.3	117,609,966 237,263,066 879,293,995 1,389,902,494 35,152,006 13,059,942 714,327 23,137,962 950,025 3,005,720 327,692,336 3,682,233 13,633,176,882 185,829,049 (259,005,475) (73,176,426) 13,560,000,456 1,477,445 416,172,599 13,886,360 (813,407,832) (883,348,873) 13,178,129,028	6,301,666,63 87,635,26 209,934,80 785,431,33 1,123,06 1,133,805,42 25,521,42 9,852,56 625,41 22,322,94 793,93 2,354,49 252,485,11 3,022,14 8,836,574,53 158,886,28 (185,829,04 (26,942,76 8,809,631,77 10,682,90 856,636,11 165,637,35 (416,172,59 606,100,87 9,426,415,55

29.2 Salaries, wages and benefits includes employees benefits amounting to PKR 53,150,976 (June 30, 2021: PKR 42,164,682).

	ero Textile Mills Limited s to the Financial Statements			
r Th	to the Financial Statements Per Year Ended June 30, 2022 29.3 Cost of cotton sold			
			4 200 507	40 522 2
	Cost of purchases Salaries, wages and other benefits		1,298,587 16,560	10,522,2 10,5
	Loading and unloading		-	6
	Insurance		5,596	8,1
	Finance cost		156,702	141,2
			178,858	160,6
^	OTHER INCOME		1,477,445	10,682,9
0	OTHER INCOME Income from financial assets			
	Interest income Exchange gain on foreign currency accounts		38,055,939 782,290	19,539,6
	Reversal of provision for ECL & advance		10,372,084	12,762,3
	In a second for any above the second assets		49,210,313	32,302,0
	Income from other than financial assets Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	18.5	193,586,959	50,228,4
	Rental income		-	723,5
			193,586,959	50,951,9
			242,797,272	83,253,9
			June 30, 2022	June 30, 202
	DISTRIBUTION COST	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Export Seriel and a seriel and		222 014 200	02.070
	Freight on export sales Commission on export sales		233,014,399 86,169,352	82,879, 40,846,
	Export development surcharge		12,884,833	7,425,
	Others		3,240,335	2,353,
	Lond		335,308,919	133,505,
	Local Salaries and wages		1,020,364	1,006,
	Freight on local sales		18,211,152	17,901,
	Commission on local sales		105,254,310	89,373,
	Quality claim Others		56,185 1,505,116	657, 889,
	Guers		126,047,127	109,829,
			461,356,046	243,334,
2	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Directors' remuneration		21,600,000	21,600,
	Staff salaries and benefits	32.1	104,949,854	83,038,
	Traveling, conveyance and entertainment Printing and stationery		6,593,916 3,372,356	5,452, 2,854,
	Communication		2,018,397	1,142,
	Vehicles running and maintenance		11,068,669	8,177,
	Legal and professional		6,366,975	4,502,
	Auditors' remuneration Fee and subscription	32.2	2,865,000 10,185,305	1,758, 8,593,
	Repair and maintenance		485,221	851,
	Depreciation	18.3	12,451,285	10,878,
	Rent, rates and utilities		1,917,575	1,826,
	Donation Ijara lease rentals	32.3	1,500,000 26,070,265	600,
	Others		4,816,924	6,362
			216,261,742	157,638,
	32.1 Salaries, wages and benefits includes employees benefits amounting to PKR 7,985,990 ((June 30, 2021: PKR 6,298,3		,,,,,,
	32.2 Auditors' remuneration			
	Annual statutory audit		1,836,000	1,529,
	Half yearly review		189,000	189,
	Code of Corporate Governance review Special half yearly audit		40,000 800,000	40,
	Special hall yearly addit			4.750
	32.3 During the year, donation to a single party does not exceed to Rs. 1 million (2021: Nil). I	No director or his spouse h	2,865,000 ad any interest in the	1,758, donee.
3	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund	12.3	161,290,382	116,211,
	Workers' Welfare Fund		64,963,554	43,219,
	Allowance for ECL on trade debts	22.1	92,208,365	10,372,
	Exchange loss		318,462,301	191,
			310,702,301	103,334,
ı	FINANCE COST			
	FINANCE COST Marketin on:			
	FINANCE COST Mark-up on: - long-term financing		42,440,265	28,213.
	Mark-up on:		42,440,265 18,348,152	
	Mark-up on: - long-term financing	12.3	18,348,152 9,926,534	22,185, 2,899,
	Mark-up on: - long-term financing - short-term borrowings - workers' profit participation fund	12.3	18,348,152 9,926,534 70,714,951	22,185, 2,899, 53,298,
	Mark-up on: - long-term financing - short-term borrowings	12.3	18,348,152 9,926,534	28,213,/ 22,185,/ 2,899,/ 53,298,/ 5,177, 24,528,

Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 34.1 During the year company has capitalized the markup of Rs. 29,801,499 (2021: Nil).
- 34.2 Capitalization rates used to determine the amount of borrowing cost eligible for capitalization is 2.5% to 12.12% (2021: Nil).

PROVISION FOR TAXATION

Current			
- for the year	35.1	358,564,001	290,975,056
- for prior years		-	4,205,000
		358,564,001	295,180,056
Deferred			
- for the year	10.1	43,697,398	15,092,565
- for prior years		22,798,192	-
		66,495,590	15,092,565
		425,059,591	310,272,621
35.1 Provision for current tax for the year has been made in accordance with section 18 and sec assessment of company has been finalized upto tax year 2021.	tion 154 of the Inco	ome Tax Ordinance	2001. Income tax
		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
35.2 Numerical reconciliation between the average tax rate and the applicable tax rate			

assessment of company has been manifed apro tax year 2021.		
	June 30, 2022	J

	%	%
Applicable tax rate	39.00	29.00
Tax effect of amounts that are:		
adjustment of the prior years	-	0.20
income chargeable to tax at different rate	(27.74)	(15.54)
deferred tax	2.09	0.70
	(25.65)	(14.64)
Effective tax rate	13.35	14.36
	·	

36	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	919.38	616.90

 $There is no \ dilutive \ effect \ on \ the \ basic \ earning \ per \ share \ of \ the \ company \ which \ is \ based \ on;$

Earnings

2,758,154,518 1,850,706,203 Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share (net profit after tax for the year)

Number of shares

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share 3,000,000 3,000,000

Basic earnings per share have been computed by dividing earnings as stated above with weighted average number of ordinary shares.

Basic earnings per share Rupees 919.38

No figure for diluted earnings per share has been presented as the Company has not issued any instruments carrying options which would have an impact on earnings per share when exercised.

37 NON ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

In respect of current period, the board of directors in their meeting held on 28 September, 2022 has proposed to pay cash dividend of @ 715% i.e. PKR 71.5per ordinary share of PKR 10 each. This dividend is subject to approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

38 CHANGES FROM FINANCING CASH FLOWS

		June 30, 2022	
	Long term finances	Short term borrowings	Unclaimed Dividend
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
As at beginning of the year	1,278,756,032	-	1,342,699
Long term finances obtained	2,723,751,413		
Repayment of long term finances	(210,745,732)		
Deferred grant recognized during the year	(857,069,985)		
Loan accretion	75,885,007		
Net increase in short term borrowings			
Foreign exchange loss			
Dividend declared during the year			214,500,000
Dividend paid during the year			(214,322,866)
As at end of the year	3,010,576,735	-	1,519,833
		June 30, 2021	
	Long term	Short term	Unclaimed
	finances	borrowings	Dividend
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
As at beginning of the year	1,108,737,609	1,570,614,112	1,396,762
Long term finances obtained	301,253,570		
Repayment of long term finances	(101,262,819)		
Deferred grant recognized during the year	(41,048,438)		
Loan accretion	11,076,110		
Net decrease in short term borrowings		(1,570,614,112)	
Foreign exchange loss			
Dividend declared during the year			
Dividend paid during the year			(54,063)
As at end of the year	1,278,756,032	-	1,342,699

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

39 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTOR AND EXECUTIVES

	Chief Executive	Director	Executives	Chief Executive	Director	Executives
	2022	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Remuneration	9,600,000	12,000,000	22,093,936	9,600,000	12,000,000	21,098,914
Perquisites	-	-	5,360,978	-	-	3,416,848
Post employment benefits	-	-	4,953,859	-	-	3,236,541
	9,600,000	12,000,000	32,408,773	9,600,000	12,000,000	27,752,303
Number of persons	1	1	8	1	1	9

^{39.1} In addition the Chief Executive, directors are provided with free use of Company maintained cars and telephone for business use.39.2 No remuneration to non executive directors has been paid.

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Notes to the financial statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

40 SEGMENT INFORMATION

40.1 Products and services from which reportable segments derive their revenues

Information reported to the Company's chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance is focused on type of goods supplied. The Company's reportable

Segment

Spinning Weaving

Information regarding Company's reportable segments is presented below.

41 Information about reportable segments

		June-2022	
_	Spinning	Weaving	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Revenue from external customers	11,003,003,104	6,249,505,946	17,252,509,050
Intersegment revenues	557,608,935	-	557,608,935
Depreciation	174,692,527	165,451,094	340,143,621
Segment results	3,113,489,237	207,607,968	3,321,097,205
Segment assets	10,781,465,731	3,866,906,421	14,648,372,152
Segment liabilities	3,020,460,959	2,760,355,996	5,780,816,955
Interest income	37,531,989	523,950	38,055,939
Additions to non-current assets	2,238,421,323	1,855,402,005	4,093,823,328
Disposals of property, plant and equipment	1,181,870	67,883,641	69,065,511
<u> </u>		June-2021	
	Spinning	Weaving	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Develope from outomal evetomore			
Revenue from external customers	8,066,696,488	4,091,416,580	12,158,113,068
Intersegment revenues	8,066,696,488 577,540,200	4,091,416,580 -	12,158,113,068 577,540,200
		4,091,416,580 - 77,362,126	
Intersegment revenues	577,540,200	-	577,540,200
Intersegment revenues Depreciation	577,540,200 186,001,819	- 77,362,126	577,540,200 263,363,945
Intersegment revenues Depreciation Segment results	577,540,200 186,001,819 2,060,030,953	- 77,362,126 183,952,703	577,540,200 263,363,945 2,243,983,656
Intersegment revenues Depreciation Segment results Segment assets	577,540,200 186,001,819 2,060,030,953 6,936,009,473	77,362,126 183,952,703 2,323,008,494	577,540,200 263,363,945 2,243,983,656 9,259,017,967
Intersegment revenues Depreciation Segment results Segment assets Segment liabilities	577,540,200 186,001,819 2,060,030,953 6,936,009,473 1,784,898,445	77,362,126 183,952,703 2,323,008,494 645,202,394	577,540,200 263,363,945 2,243,983,656 9,259,017,967 2,430,100,839

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Company's accounting policies. Segment results represent operating profit earned by the segment. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

42 Reconciliations of reportable segment information

42.1 Segment revenues

42.2

	June-2022				
	Spinning <i>Rupees</i>	Weaving Rupees	Total <i>Rupees</i>		
Total for reportable segments Inter-segment revenues	11,560,612,039 (557,608,935)	6,249,505,946 -	17,810,117,985 (557,608,935)		
Total for the Company	11,003,003,104	6,249,505,946	17,252,509,050		
		June-2021			
	Spinning	Weaving	Total		
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		
Total for reportable segments Inter-segment revenues	8,644,236,688 (577,540,200)	4,091,416,580 -	12,735,653,268 (577,540,200)		
Total for the Company	8,066,696,488	4,091,416,580	12,158,113,068		
Segment assets					
		June-2022			
	Spinning	Weaving	Total		
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		
Total for reportable segments Unallocated assets Taxation recoverable	10,781,465,731	3,866,906,421	14,648,372,152		
Sales tax refundable			608,870,900		
Trade deposits			246,263,643		
Long term deposit			41,596,116		
Total for the Company	10,781,465,731	3,866,906,421.00	15,545,102,811.00		
		June-2021			
	Spinning	Weaving	Total		
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		
Total for reportable segments Unallocated assets	6,936,009,473	2,323,008,494	9,259,017,967		
Taxation recoverable			5,397,013		
Sales tax refundable			63,204,674		
Trade deposits			137,166,690		
Long term deposit			28,559,816		
Total for the Company	6,936,009,473	2,323,008,494	9,493,346,160		

42.3 Segment liabilities

		June-2022	
	Spinning	Weaving	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Total for reportable segments Un-allocated liabilities	3,020,460,959	2,760,355,996	5,780,816,955
Unclaimed dividends			1,519,833
Infrastructure fee			225,316,807
Deferred taxation			231,555,260
Total for the Company	3,020,460,959	2,760,355,996	6,239,208,855
		June-2021	
	Spinning	Weaving	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Total for reportable segments Un-allocated liabilities	1,784,898,445	645,202,394	2,430,100,839
Unclaimed dividends			1,342,699
Infrastructure fee			133,551,958
Deferred taxation			165,286,894
Total for the Company	1,784,898,445	645,202,394	2,730,282,390

43 Geographical information

The geographic information analyses the entity's revenue and non-current assets by the Company's country of domicile and other countries. In presenting the geographic information, segment revenue has been based on the geographic location of customers and segment assets were based on the geographic location of the

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Portugal	1,467,476,668	943,380,727
Korea	433,250,498	634,646,882
Japan	828,138,694	502,367,137
Italy	642,617,987	398,054,573
Belgium	235,380,794	-
Spain	415,088,305	-
Bangladesh	440,897,228	-
Other Countries	704,251,563	566,387,571
Pakistan	14,140,600,538	10,661,728,013
	19,307,702,275	13,706,564,903
Export Rebate	199,003	382,043
Discount	(71,115)	(31,084)
Sales tax	(2,055,321,113)	(1,548,802,794)
	17,252,509,050	12,158,113,068

44 Information about significant customers

There is no single significant external customer to whom sales in excess of 10% of the Company's total sales were made during the year.

44.1 Company do not have any non current assets outside Pakistan.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

On balance sheet gap

Post dated cheques

Bill discounted Bank guarantees

Letters of credit

Contingencies and commitments

(181,493,911)

(1,077,028,637)

45 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arms length transaction. As at June 30, 2022 the net fair value of all financial instruments has been based on the valuation methodology outlined below:-

Long-term deposits

Long term deposits does not carry any rate of return. The fair value of it has been taken at book value as it is not considered materially different and readily exchangeable.

Non-current liabilities

For all non-current liabilities the fair values have been taken at book values as these are not considered materially different based on the current market rates of return and reprising profiles of similar non-current liabilities.

Maturity

2022

Non Interest / Markup bearing

Maturity

Effective

Other financial instruments

The fair values of all other financial instruments are considered to approximate their book values as they are short term in nature.

The analysis of yield / mark-up rate risk is as under:

Maturity

Interest / Markup bearing

Maturity

	Upto One year	After One year	Subtotal	Upto One year	After One year	Subtotal	Total	Interest Rate
_	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	<u></u> %
Financial assets								
Trade debts	-	-	-	1,883,524,023	-	1,883,524,023	1,883,524,023	
Loans and advances	-	-	-	6,329,469	-	6,329,469	6,329,469	
Trade deposits	238,444,861	-	238,444,861	5,132,470	-	5,132,470	243,577,331	5.50 to 11.10
Other receivables	-	-	-	28,945,773	-	28,945,773	28,945,773	
Cash and bank balances	-	-	-	640,838,308	-	640,838,308	640,838,308	
Long term deposits	238,444,861		238,444,861	2,564,770,043	41,596,116 41,596,116	41,596,116 2,606,366,159	41,596,116 2,844,811,020	
	230,444,001	-	230,444,001	2,364,770,043	41,596,116	2,000,300,139	2,844,811,020	i
Financial liabilities								0.75 to 3.50 and
Long-term financing	193,632,985	2,816,943,750	3,010,576,735	-	-	-	3,010,576,735	KIBOR + 0.40
Trade and other payables	161,290,382	-	161,290,382	1,418,170,614	-	1,418,170,614	1,579,460,996	
Accrued mark-up / interest	-	-	-	31,367,006	-	31,367,006	31,367,006	
Short-term borrowings	<u> </u>						<u> </u>	KIBOR + 0.1 to 2
-	354,923,367	2,816,943,750	3,171,867,117	1,449,537,620	-	1,449,537,620	4,621,404,737	i
On balance sheet gap	(116,478,506)	(2,816,943,750)	(2,933,422,256)	1,115,232,423	41,596,116	1,156,828,539	(1,776,593,717)	:
Contingencies and commitm Post dated cheques Bill discounted Bank guarantees Letters of credit	ents			2021	ı		729,423,895 929,073,884 487,086,597 6,621,568,727	
-	Inte	rest / Markup bear	ing		erest / Markup b	earing		
	Maturity	Maturity		Maturity	Maturity			Effective
	Upto	After	Subtotal	Upto	After	Subtotal	Total	Interest
	One year	One year		One year	One year			Rate
_	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	%
Financial assets								
Trade debts	-	-	-	1,628,119,912	-	1,628,119,912	1,628,119,912	
Loans and advances	-	-	-	13,850,273	-	13,850,273	13,850,273	
Trade deposits	136,444,861	-	136,444,861	332,327	-	332,327	136,777,188	4.70 to 11.83
Other receivables	-	-	-	6,234,227	-	6,234,227	6,234,227	
Bank balances	-	-	-	1,739,116,221	-	1,739,116,221	1,739,116,221	
Long-term deposits	136,444,861		136,444,861	3,387,652,960	28,559,816 28,559,816	28,559,816 3,416,212,776	28,559,816 3,552,657,637	
Financial liabilities			, ,		-,,-		-, , ,	1
i manetar nabinetes								0.75 to 3.5 and
Long-term financing	201,727,395	1,077,028,637	1,278,756,032	_	_	-	1,278,756,032	KIBOR + 0.40
Trade and other payables	116,211,377	-	116,211,377	745,738,935	_	745,738,935	861,950,312	
Mark-up accrued on loans	-	-	-	6,835,183	-	6,835,183	6,835,183	
Short-term borrowings	-	-	-	-		-	-	KIBOR + 0.1 to 2
_	317,938,772	1,077,028,637	1,394,967,409	752,574,118	-	752,574,118	2,147,541,527	i

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2,635,078,842

28,559,816

2,663,638,658

1,405,116,110

688,661,450 539,912,451

368,863,537 5,105,556,165

(1,258,522,548)

Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

45.1 Interest rate risk management

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of financial instruments. Changes in interest rates can affect the rates charged on interest bearing liabilities. This can result in an increase in interest expense relative to financial borrowings or vice versa. The Company manages its risk by interest rate swapping, maintaining a fair balance between interest rates and financial assets and financial liabilities. The effective interest rates for the monetary financial assets and liabilities are mentioned in respective notes to the financial statements.

45.2 Credit risk and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties fail to perform as contracted. Out of the total financial assets of PKR 2,844,811,020 (June 30, 2021: PKR 3,552,657,637), unsecured local trade debts, advances to suppliers, and other receivables amounting in aggregate to PKR 1,918,799,265 (June 30, 2021: PKR 1,648,204,412) are subject to credit risk. The Company manages its credit risk by; limiting significant exposure to any individual customers and obtaining advance against sales.

45.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk reflects the Company's inability in raising funds to meet commitments. The management closely monitors the Company's liquidity and cash flow position. This includes maintenance of statement of financial position liquidity ratios, debtors and creditors concentration both in terms of the overall funding mix and avoidance of undue reliance on large individual customer.

45.4 Foreign exchange risk management

Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currencies. As at June 30, 2022, the total foreign currency risk exposure was PKR 363,994,449 (June 30, 2021: PKR 176,536,511) in respect of foreign trade debts.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

45.5 Credit risk

45.5.1 Maximum credit exposure

The carrying amount of financial assets, excluding cash in hand, represents maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the reporting date is:

		Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
			Rupees	Rupees
	Long term deposits		41,596,116	28,559,816
	Trade debts		1,883,524,023	1,628,119,912
	Advances to employees		3,774,064	5,241,465
	Refundable trade deposits		238,444,861	136,444,861
	Other receivables		28,945,773	6,234,227
	Cash at banks		640,838,308	1,739,116,221
			2,837,123,145	3,543,716,502
45.5.2	Concentration of credit risk			
	Maximum exposure to credit risk by geographical region as at the reporting date is:			
	Domestic		1,688,235,658	1,537,670,913
	Europe		195,054,364	94,039,429
	Asia and Middle East		165,623,593	79,962,881
			2,048,913,615	1,711,673,223
	Impairment		(165,389,592)	(83,553,311)
			1,883,524,023	1,628,119,912
45.5.3	Aging and movement in Impairment losses			
	The aging of receivables as at the reporting date is as follows:			
	Not past due		1,206,295,287	1,346,557,697
	Past due less than one year		772,404,737	291,934,975
	Past due more than one year but less than three years		-	2,966,960
	Past due more than three years		70,213,591	70,213,591
			2,048,913,615	1,711,673,223
	Allowance for expected credit losses		(165,389,592)	(83,553,311)
			1,883,524,023	1,628,119,912
	The movement in allowance for impairment in respect of receivables during the year is a	s follows:		
	As at beginning of the year		83,553,311	85,943,604
	Impairment loss recognized		92,208,365	10,372,084
	Impairment loss reversed		(10,372,084)	(12,762,377)
	As at end of the year		165,389,592	83,553,311

Credit quality of counter parties is assessed based on historical default rates. All loans and receivables not past due are considered good. The management believes that allowance for impairment of loans and receivables past due is not necessary, as these comprise amounts due from old customers, which have been re-negotiated from time to time and are also considered good.

45.5.4 Collateral held

The Company does not hold collateral to secure its loans and receivables. However, foreign trade receivables of the Company are secured through letters of credits and exposure to credit risk in respect of these is minimal.

45.6 Liquidity risk

 $Following are the contractual \ maturities \ of \ financial \ liabilities, \ including \ estimated \ interest \ payments$

		As at June 30, 2022			
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	One year or less	One to five years	More than five years
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Long term financing	3,010,576,735	4,169,507,753	264,530,135	1,826,828,232	2,078,149,386
Accrued mark-up / interest	31,367,006	31,367,006	31,367,006	-	-
Trade creditors	884,165,514	884,165,514	884,165,514	-	-
Accrued liabilities	310,548,250	310,548,250	310,548,250	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	1,519,833	1,519,833	1,519,833	-	-
Other payables	169,944,177	169,944,177	169,944,177	-	-
	4,408,121,515	5,567,052,533	1,662,074,915	1,826,828,232	2,078,149,386
			As at June 30, 202	1	
	Carrying	Contractual	One year	One to	More than
	amount	cash flows	or less	five years	five years
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Long term financing	1,278,756,032	1,432,172,032	235,510,332	731,826,079	464,835,620
Accrued mark-up / interest	6,835,183	6,835,183	6,835,183	-	-
Trade creditors	377,216,036	377,216,036	377,216,036	-	-
Accrued liabilities	179,824,594	179,824,594	179,824,594	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	1,342,699	1,342,699	1,342,699	-	-
Other payables	120,266,632	120,266,632	120,266,632	-	-
	1,964,241,176	2,117,657,176	920,995,476	731,826,079	464,835,620

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June 30, 2021 June 30, 2021 45.7 Market risk Rupees Rupees

45.7.1 Currency risk

a) The Company's exposure to currency risk as at the reporting date is as follows:

 Trade receivables
 360,677,957
 174,002,310

 Cash and cash equivalents
 3,316,492
 2,534,201

 Total exposure
 363,994,449
 176,536,511

b) Exchange rates applied as at the reporting date.

The following spot exchange rates were applied as at the reporting date wherever applicable.

	202	2	202	1
	Assets Rupees	Liabilities Rupees	Assets Rupees	Liabilities Rupees
CHF	215.43	215.96	171.32	171.86
JPY	1.5047	1.5083	1.4279	1.43
Euro	215.23	215.75	188.12	188.71
CNY	30.85	30.93	24.69	24.76
USD	205.50	206.00	157.80	158.30

A ten percent appreciation in Rupee would have decreased profit or loss by PKR 36,399,445 (2021: PKR 17,653,651). A ten percent depreciation would have had the equal but opposite effect on profit or loss. This sensitivity analysis based on assumption that all variables, with the exception of foreign exchange rates, remain unchanged.

 45.7.2
 Interest rate risk
 June 30, 2021 Rupees
 June 30, 2021 Rupees

The interest rate profile the Company's interest bearing financial instruments as at the reporting date is as follows:

Fixed rate instruments

 Financial assets
 238,444,861
 136,444,861

 Financial liabilities
 2,981,591,195
 1,089,918,158

Variable rate instruments

Financial assets Financial liabilities 28,985,540

The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk in respect of its fixed rate instruments. A 100 basis points increase in variable interest rates would have decreased profit or loss by PKR 289,855 (2021: PKR 337,098). A 100 basis points increase in variable interest rate would have had an equal but opposite impact on profit or loss.

33,709,820

45.7.3 Other Price Risk

Other price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk as it does not hold financial instruments based commodity prices.

45.8 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and liabilities. The fair value of financial assets measured at fair value is shown below. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value as the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

		Carrying amount			Carrying amount	
		2022			2021	
		ı	Fair value			Fair value
	At amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	through other comprehensive income	At amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	through other comprehensive income
			'R	upees		
Financial assets						
Long term deposits	41,596,116	-	-	28,559,816	-	-
Trade debts	1,883,524,023	-	-	1,628,119,912	-	-
Advances to employees	3,774,064	-	-	5,241,465	-	-
Refundable trade deposits	243,577,331	-	-	136,777,188	-	-
Other receivables	28,945,773	-	-	6,234,227	-	-
Cash at banks	640,838,308	-	-	1,739,116,221	-	-
	2,842,255,615	-	-	3,544,048,829	-	-
Financial Liabilities						
Long term financing	3,010,576,735	-	-	1,278,756,032	-	-
Short term borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued mark-up / interest	31,367,006	-	-	6,835,183	-	-
Trade creditors	884,165,514	-	-	377,216,036	-	-
Accrued liabilities	310,548,250	-	-	179,824,594	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	1,519,833	-	-	1,342,699	-	-
Other payables	8,653,795	-	-	4,055,255	-	-
	4,246,831,133	-	-	1,848,029,799	-	-

The basis for determining fair values is as follows:

Interest rates used for determining fair value

The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows, when applicable, are based on the government yield curve at the reporting date plus an adequate credit spread. Since the majority of the financial assets are fixed rate instruments, there is no significant difference in market rate and the rate of instrument, fair value significantly approximates to carrying value.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

46 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The associated undertaking and related parties comprise associated companies, directors and key management personnel. Names, basis of relationship and transaction with associated undertakings and related parties, other than remuneration and benefits to key management personnel under the term of their employment as disclosed in note 39 are as follow:

Name of the Company	Basis of relationship	Percentage of shareholding	
Faisal Spinning Mills Limited	Common directorship	N/A	
Blessed Textiles Limited	Common directorship	N/A	
Bhanero Energy Limited	Common directorship	N/A	
Admiral (Private) Limited	Directorship of close family relative	N/A	

Nature of relationship	Nature of transactions	June 30, 2022 Rupees	June 30, 2021 Rupees
Associated undertaking	Sales of fabric	383,292,227	111,526,622
	Sales of Cotton	2,167,629	12,337,111
	Sales of yarn	697,877,799	1,044,890,765
	Sales of land	-	121,380,000
	Purchase of yarn	562,737,574	277,006,289
	Purchase of cotton	-	9,589,487
	Purchase of fabric	34,454,507	172,339,702
	Services rendered	-	723,509
	Purchase of stores & spares	1,648,969	-
	Services received	309,000	309,000
	Electricity purchased	430,555,981	422,010,543
Retirement benefits	Provision for gratuity	62,188,524	57,175,880

46.1 Detail of compensation to key management personnel comprising of chief executive officer, director and executives is disclosed in note 39.

47 Accounting Estimates and Judgments

47.1 Income taxes

In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the Company, the management looks at the current income tax law and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

47.2 Investment stated at fair value

Management has determined fair value of certain investments by using quotations from active market conditions and information about the financial instruments. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve some uncertainties and matters of judgment (e.g. valuation, interest rate, etc.) and therefore, cannot be determined with precision.

47.3 Property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the rate of depreciation, useful life, residual value and value of assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding affect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

47.4 Stock-in-trade and stores and spares

The Company reviews the net realizable value of stock-in-trade and stores and spares to assess any diminution in the respective carrying values. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of stock-in-trade and stores and spares with a corresponding affect on the amortization charge and impairment. Net realizable value is determined with respect to estimated selling price less estimated expenditures to make the sales.

47.5 Interest rate and cross currency swap

The Company has entered into various interest rates and cross currency swap over the last year. The calculation involves use of estimates with regard to interest and foreign currency rates which fluctuate with the market forces.

48 Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital and level of dividends to ordinary shareholders. The Company seeks to keep a balance between the higher return that might be possible with higher level of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The Company monitors capital using the gearing ratio which is debt divided by total capital employed. Debt comprises long term finances including current maturity. Total capital employed includes total equity as shown in the statement of financial position plus debt. The Company's strategy is to maintain an optimal capital structure in order to minimize cost of capital. Gearing ratio of the Company as at the reporting date is as follows:

_	12,459,685,493	8,052,562,332
Gearing =	25%	16%

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements, except those, related to maintenance of debt covenants, commonly imposed by the providers of debt finance.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

49 Fair Value Measurements

49.1 Financial Instruments

There are no recurring or non-recurring fair value measurements as at the reporting date. The management considers the carrying amount of all the financial instruments approximate to their fair values.

49.2 Assets and liabilities other than financial instruments.

None of the assets and liabilities other than certain financial instruments are measured at fair value.

50 PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION

Spinning & Weaving		
Number of spindles installed	80,112	80,112
Number of looms installed	162	162
Installed capacity of yarn converted in 20/1 (Kgs.)	14,810,385	14,810,385
Actual production of yarn	13,001,202	12,223,351
Installed capacity of fabric based on 50 picks- meters	34,016,175	26,566,890
Actual production of fabric- meters	24.019.600	21.117.435

It is difficult to precisely describe production capacity and the resultant production converted into base count in the textile industry since it fluctuates widely depending on various factors such as count of yarn spun, raw materials used, spindles speed and twist etc. It would also vary accordingly to pattern of production adopted in a particular year.

51 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

As at the reporting date	1,441	1,424
Average for the year	1,435	1,420

52 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and authorized for issue on September 28, 2022.

53 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged where necessary to facilitate comparison. Amortization of deferred grant net off with interest expense for the better presentation of income statement (Note 30 and 34). Following major reclassification has been made during the year.

Description	Reclassified from	Reclassified to	
Capital Work in progress	Presented on face of statement of financial position	Property, plant and equipment (Note 17.6)	

54 GENERAL

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Year-Wise Operating Data

2022 2021	2020	2019	2018	2017

Spinning Unit

Spindle installed
Spindles worked
Installed capacity after conversion into 20/s count - Kg
Actual production - Kg

80,112	80,112	80,112	80,112	80,112	69,312
80,112	80,112	80,112	80,112	80,112	69,312
14,810,385	14,810,385	14,810,385	14,810,385	14,810,385	13,954,119
13,001,202	12,223,351	10,727,209	12,363,406	11,392,698	10,621,496

Weaving Unit

Air jet looms installed Air jet looms worked Installed capacity after conversion into 50 picks - Meter Actual production - Meter

162	162	162	162	160	160
162	162	162	162	160	160
34,016,175	26,566,890	26,566,890	26,566,890	21,534,566	21,534,566
24,019,600	21,117,435	17,372,400	15,864,187	15,952,617	15,100,469

Year-Wise Financial Data 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 Rupees in Thousands

Profit and loss account

Turnover (Net)
Gross profit
Operating profit
Financial expenses
Profit before tax
Profit after tax
Cash dividend

_						
	17,252,509	12,158,113	8,923,611	9,347,773	8,073,845	6,837,254
	4,074,380	2,731,698	823,552	1,293,672	868,396	754,284
	3,321,097	2,243,984	637,077	1,123,205	636,131	456,308
	137,883	83,005	181,440	166,323	93,971	87,063
	3,183,214	2,160,979	455,636	956,883	542,160	369,245
	2,758,155	1,850,706	329,399	832,410	482,037	275,737
	214,500	214,500	150,000	167,400	192,900	110,400

Balance Sheet

Share Capital
Reserves
Shareholder equity
Long term loans
Short term loan
Current liabilities
Current portion of long term loans
Fixed assets
Current assets

30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
8,000,000	6,300,000	4,800,000	4,700,000	4,000,000	3,700,000
9,305,894	6,763,064	4,919,120	4,913,117	4,262,737	3,886,302
2,816,944	1,077,029	1,090,593	1,121,716	885,234	428,762
-	-	1,570,614	992,657	220,458	676,558
2,022,942	1,082,598	2,256,905	1,897,523	1,089,456	1,256,655
336,848	212,470	21,515	140,183	81,367	77,464
4,607,486	2,911,960	3,004,663	3,168,486	2,794,871	2,029,940
8,726,406	6,372,300	57,333,761	5,183,986	3,790,735	3,784,088

Ratios	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Performance						
Sales growth percentage - Year to Year basis	41.90%	36.25%	-4.54%	15.78%	18.09%	3.01%
Gross profit (%)	23.62%	22.47%	9.23%	13.84%	10.76%	11.03%
Profit before tax (%)	18.45%	17.77%	5.11%	10.24%	6.72%	5.40%
Profit after tax (%)	15.99%	15.22%	3.69%	8.90%	5.97%	4.03%
Breakup value per share - Rupees per share	3,101.96	2,254.35	1,639.71	1,637.71	1,420.91	1,295.43
Market value of share - at the year end - Rupees per share	1,465.00	1,050.00	770.01	800.00	807.49	900.00
Earnings per share - Rupees per share	919.38	616.90	109.80	277.47	160.68	91.91
Price earning ratio	1.59	1.70	7.01	2.88	5.03	9.79
Leverage						
Gearing ratio	0.34	0.19	0.55	0.46	0.28	0.30
Debt to equity (%)	30.27%	15.93%	22.17%	22.83%	20.77%	11.03%
Interest covering ratio	24.09	27.03	3.51	6.75	6.77	5.24
Liquidity ratio						
Current ratio	4.31	5.89	25.40	2.73	3.48	3.01

BHANERO TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

SR#	CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBERS OF SHAREHOLDERS	SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE %
1	Director's, CEO, Their Spouse and Minor Children	19	1,420,779	47.36
2	Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties	13	1,427,721	47.71
3	NIT & ICP	-	-	-
4	Insurance Company	1	70,500	2.35
5	General Public / Individuals	338	80,994	2.58
6	Other Companies	2	6	0.00
		373	3,000,000	100.00

BHANERO TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

Sr#	Shareholder Category	Percentage	No. of Shares
1	ASSOCIATED COMPANIES UNDERTAKINGS AND RELATED PARTIES		
	ADMIRAL (PVT) LTD	16.69	500,600
	MR. MOHAMMAD SHAKEEL	0.74	22,055
	MR. ADIL SHAKEEL	4.92	147,634
	MR. FARRUKH SALEEM	2.02	60,600
	MR. SAQIB SALEEM	1.68	50,490
	MR. MUHAMMAD QASIM	5.28	158,400
	MR. FAISAL SHAKEEL	4.92	147,676
	MR. ABDULLAH BILAL	1.96	58,787
	MR. YAHYAA FURRUKH	2.42	72,500
	MRS. NAZLI BEGUM	4.19	125,579
	MRS. SABA SAQIB	2.76	82,900
	MRS. MARIUM ADIL	0.02	500
2	DIRECTOR'S, CEO, THEIR SPOUSE AND MINOR CHILDREN		
	MR. MUHAMMAD SALEEM	0.73	21,929
	MR. MUHAMMAD SHAHEEN	1.43	42,780
	MR. HAMZA SHAKEEL	4.92	147,594
	MR. KHURRAM SALEEM	2.02	60,500
	MR. YOUSUF SALEEM	1.69	50,674
	MR. BILAL SHARIF	2.48	74,500
	MR. MUHAMMAD AMIN	5.32	159,500
	MR. IQBAL MEHBOOB VOHRA	0.02	500
	MR. MUSTAFA TANVIR	0.02	500
	MR. ASIF ELAHI	0.02	500
	MRS. YASMIN BEGUM	1.01	30,372
	MRS. SEEMA BEGUM	1.78	53,292
	MRS. AMNA KHURRAM	2.45	73,400
	MRS. SAMIA BILAL	11.14	334,283
	MRS. FATIMA AMIN	5.68	170,400
	MRS. SABA YOUSUF	2.76	82,700
	MASTER AZAAN BILAL	1.96	58,678
	MASTER ALI BILAL	1.96	58,677
3	BANKS, DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, NON BANKING FINANCE INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE COMPANIES		
	STATE LIFE INSURANCE CORPORATION OF PAKISTAN	2.35	70,500
4	INDIVIDUAL SHAREHOLDERS	2.58	80,994
5	OTHER COMPANIES	0.00	6
	TOTAL	100.00	3,000,000

6 DETAIL OF TRADING IN THE SHARES BY THE DIRECTORS, CEO COMPANY SECRETARY AND THEIR SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDREN

7 SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 05% OR MORE

MR. MUHAMMAD QASIM	5.28	158,400
MR. MUHAMMAD AMIN	5.32	159,500
MRS. SAMIA BILAL	11.14	334,283
MRS. FATIMA AMIN	5.68	170,400
ADMIRAL (PVT) LTD	16.69	500,600

BHANERO TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

NUMBERS OF	SHARE H	IOLDING	TOTAL SHARES HELD Percentage
SHAREHOLDERS	FROM	TO	TOTAL SHAKES HELD Percentage
293	1	100	8,600 0.29
35	101	500	11,522 0.38
9	501	1000	7,951 0.27
6	1001	5000	18,227 0.61
2	5001	10000	17,000 0.57
3	20001	25000	64,184 2.14
1	25001	30000	29,872 1.00
1	40001	45000	42,780 1.43
3	50001	55000	154,456 5.15
3	55001	60000	176,142 5.87
2	60001	65000	121,100 4.04
4	70001	75000	290,900 9.70
2	80001	85000	165,600 5.52
1	125001	130000	125,579 4.19
3	145001	150000	442,904 14.76
2	155001	160000	317,900 10.60
1	170001	175000	170,400 5.68
1	330001	335000	334,283 11.14
1	500001	505000	500,600 16.69
373			3,000,000 100.00

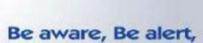
^{*} Note: The slabs representing nil holding have been omitted.





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ڈائریکٹرزکی رپورٹ

بھنیرو ٹیکسٹائل ملز لمیٹڈ کے ڈائریکٹرز کو 30 جون 2022 کو ختم ہونے والی کمپنی کے مالی بیانات کے بارے میں آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹ کے ساتھ سالانه رپورٹ پیش کرنے میں بے حد خوشی ہے۔

مالى نتائج

کمپنی کے مالی نتائج 30 جون 2022 کو ختم ہوئے۔

Statement of Profit or Loss For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022 Rupees	June 30, 2021 Rupees
Sales	17,252,509,050	12,158,113,068
Cost of sales	13,178,129,028	9,426,415,558
Gross profit	4,074,380,022	2,731,697,510
Other income	242,797,272	83,253,942
	4,317,177,294	2,814,951,452
Distribution cost	461,356,046	243,334,988
Administrative expenses	216,261,742	157,638,312
Other operating expenses	318,462,301	169,994,496
Finance cost	137,883,096	83,004,832
	1,133,963,185	653,972,628
Profit before tax	3,183,214,109	2,160,978,824
Taxation	425,059,591	310,272,621
Profit after taxation for the year	2,758,154,518	1,850,706,203
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	919.38	616.90

کلیدی مالیاتی اشار کے

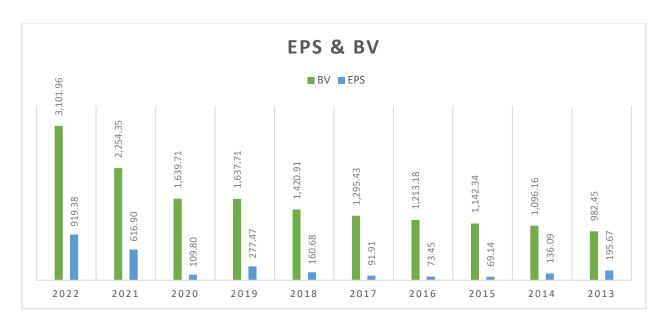
2021 میں ایک محتاط بحالی کے بعد عالمی سطح پر 2022 میں تیزی سے اداس پیش رفت ہوئی ہے کیونکہ متعدد جھٹکے عالمی معیشت کو پہلے ہی وبائی امراض، مہنگائی میں اضافے اور یوکرائن کی جنگ کے مزید منفی اثرات سے کمزور پڑ چکے ہیں۔ اس کے باوجود، کمپنی اب بھی موجودہ سال کے دوران کاروبار اور منافع دونوں کو بہتر بنانے کا انتظام کرتی ہے۔ کمپنی نے 30 جون 2022 کو ختم ہونے والے موجودہ سال (PKR 2,758.154 PKR ملین) کے دوران PKR 2,758.154 ملین روپے کا ٹیکس کے بعد منافع حاصل کیا جو موجودہ سال کے لئے PKR 12,158.113 PKR میں ترجمہ کیا (EPS 2021: PKR 2026: PKR ملین سے PKR 12,158.113 ملین ہو گیا ہے جو کہ 30 PKR ملین ہو گیا ہے جبکہ مجموعی منافع PKR 2,731.697 ملین سے PKR 4,074.380 ملین ہو گیا ہے جو کہ 30 جون کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے مقابلے میں 30 جون کو ختم ہوا۔

منافع اور ذخائر مختص

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کو 715.00 فیصد نقد منافع کی منظوری دیتے ہوئے خوشی ہے که 71.50 روپے فی حصص آڈٹ کمیٹی کی سفارش کے مطابق 27 اکتوبر 2022 کو ہونے والی آئندہ سالانہ جنرل میٹنگ میں منظوری کے حصول داروں سے مشروط ہے۔مزید برآں، ڈائریکٹرز نے مستقبل میں کسی بھی غیر متوقع ہنگامی صورتحال سے نمٹنے کے لیے PKR 1,700.00 ملین کی رقم جنرل ریزرو میں منتقل کرنے کی تجویز پیش کی۔

في شيئر آمدني اور بريك اپ ويليو-

فی حصص آمدنی (EPS) ایک کلیدی میٹرک ہے جو کمپنی کے منافع کے عام شیئر ہولڈر کے حصے کا تعین کرنے کے لیے استعمال ہوتی ہے جو کمپنی کے کل منافع کے سلسلے میں ہر عام شیئر ہولڈر کے منافع کی تقسیم کی پیمائش کرتی ہے جب که سرمایه کار کمپنی کی مالی طاقت کا اندازہ لگانے کے لیے بریک آپ ویلیو کا استعمال کرتے ہیں۔ سرمایه کاری کے لیے بہترین انٹری پوائنٹ۔ گورننگ بورڈ اپنے شیئر ہولڈرز کو زیادہ سے زیادہ واپسی اور کمپنی کے مالی استحکام کو برقرار رکھنے دونوں کے لیے کوشش کرتا ہے۔اسی مدت کے دوران حصص کے EPS واور کا دونوں میں بالترتیب 49.03 فیصد اور 37.60 فیصد اضافه ہوا ہے۔ 30 جون 2022 کو ختم ہونے والے موجودہ سال کے دوران شیئر کا EPS اور کلا بالترتیب 913.3,101.96 (2021: PKR 2,254.35) اور 40 بالترتیب 94 بالترتیب 94 بالترتیب 95 بالترتیب 96 بال



وركنگ كيييٹل مينجمنٹ

کاروباری سرمائے کا مناسب انتظام کمپنی کی بنیادی مالی صحت اور کاروبار کے طور پر آپریشنل کامیابی کے لیے ضروری ہے۔ اچھے کاروباری نظم و نسق کی ایک پہچان ترقی، منافع اور لیکویڈیٹی کے درمیان ٹھوس توازن برقرار رکھنے کے لیے ورکنگ کیپیٹل مینجمنٹ کو استعمال کرنے کی صلاحیت ہے۔ بورڈ اس بات کو یقینی بناتا ہے کہ کوئی کمپنی اپنے موجودہ اثاثوں اور ذمہ داریوں کی نگرانی اور ان کے موثر ترین استعمال کے لیے موثر طریقے سے کام کرتی ہے۔سال 2022 کے دوران طویل مدتی قرضوں کی مد میں PKR 210.745 ملین کی ادائیگیاں کی گئی ہیں۔ کمپنی کی قلیل مدتی لیکویڈیٹی کافی مستحکم ہے اور موجودہ سال (2021: 5.89) کے دوران 4.31 کا موجودہ تناسب کمپنی کی کافی صلاحیت کو ظاہر کرتا ہے۔ اس کے موجودہ اثاثہ کے ساتھ اس کی مختصر مدتی ذمہ داریوں کا احاطہ کرنا۔

متوازن سرماۓ کا ڈھانچه بلاشبه تکنیکی نقطه نظر سے اس کا سب سے اہم انتخاب ہے جو کمپنی کی ترقی کا تعین کرے گا۔ کمپنی نے حصص یافتگان کی قدر بڑھانے کے لیے قرض اور ایکویٹی کے زیادہ سے زیادہ امتزاج کا انتظام کیا جو اپنے سرمایه کاروں کو صحت مندانه واپسی فراہم کرتا ہے۔ کمپنی کی مالی استحکام کی طاقت کا اندازہ اس حقیقت سے لگایا جا سکتا ہے که شیئر ہولڈرز ایکویٹی 6،763.064

ملین روپے (2020: PKR 4،919.120 ملین) پر کھڑی ہے جو کہ اسی عرصے کے دوران غیر معمولی ترقی کی کل ایکویٹی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ 30 جون 2021 کو ختم ہونے والے موجودہ سال کے دوران 0.19 (2020: 0.55) کا گیئرنگ تناسب عام طور پر کافی اطمینان بخش سمجھا جاتا ہے جس میں صنعت کے اصولوں کے مطابق اچھی طرح سے قائم کمپنیوں کے لیے کم خطرہ ہے۔

توازن ، جدید کاری اور تبدیلی۔

رواں سال کے دوران تکنیکی ترقی کے ساتھ رفتار کو برقرار رکھنے کے لیے 140 ایئر جیٹ لومز اور دیگر مشینری کی تبدیلی کے لیے پلانٹ اور مشینری میں تقریباً 1,900.00 ملین روپے کا اضافه کیا گیا ہے۔

نئے اسپننگ یونٹ کا قیام

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے 25 فروری 2021 کو ہونے والے اپنے اجلاس میں شیخوپورہ، پنجاب میں تقریباً 1,000 تھیلوں کی یومیه پیداواری صلاحیت کے ساتھ 19,584 سپنڈلز کا نیا سپننگ یونٹ قائم کرنے کی منظوری دی ہے اور تجارتی پیداوار کے لیے متوقع ٹائم لائن ستمبر 2022 تھی۔ یونٹ کے.بنیادی ڈھانچ کی تعمیر کے لیے سول ورک تقریباً مکمل ہو چکا ہے تاہم، کمپنی کو عالمی اور مقامی دونوں عوامل کی وجہ سے مشینری کی طے شدہ ترسیل میں غیر متوقع تاخیر کا سامنا کرنا پڑا۔ چونکه مشینری کو کھڑا کرنے کا کام ابھی تک مکمل نہیں ہوا ہے، اس لیے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے کمرشل پروڈکشن کے لیے ٹائم لائنز پر نظر ثانی کی ہے۔امید ہے که آزمائشی پیداوار اپریل 2023 تک شروع ہو جائے گی۔

بهنیرو انرجی لمیٹڈ - یونٹ اکوٹری کاکمپنی میں انضمام

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کمپنی ('BTML') نے 25 فروری 2022 کو منعقدہ اپنی میٹنگ میں بھنیرو انرجی لمیٹڈ یونٹ-ا کوٹری، سندھ ("-BBML BTML BTML) کو ایک سکیم آف اربینجمنٹ ("اسکیم") کے ذریع حاصل کرنے کی منظوری دی ہے۔ . مجاز اتھارٹی کی منظوری پر BTML BTML کی وقفہ قیمت پر 40,964 عام حصص بھنیرو انرجی لمیٹڈ کے شیئر ہولڈرز کو حاصل کردہ اثاثوں کی بک ویلیو پر جاری کر ہے گا، جو کی وقفہ قیمت پر 40,964 عام حصص بھنیرو انرجی لمیٹڈ بجلی پیدا کرنے کی سرگرمیوں میں مصروف غیر نقل شدہ کمپنی میں، یہ سندھ اور پنجاب میں واقع دو یونٹوں کے ساتھ کام کرتی ہے۔ سندھ میں واقع یونٹ-ا قدرتی گیس کے ذریعے بجلی پیدا کرتا ہے جبکہ پنجاب

میں واقع یونٹ-۱۱ یونٹ-۱۱ اور یونٹ-۱۱ کے لیے بالترتیب 3.726 میگاواٹ اور 33.694 میگاواٹ کی پیداواری صلاحیت کے ساتھ فرنس کے ذریع بجلی پیدا کرتا ہے۔ ۱-BEL سندھ میں کوئی دوسری تجارتی سرگرمیاں نہیں کرتا ہے سوائے اس کی بجلی کی پیداوار کی پوری سہولت بھنیرو ٹیکسٹائل ملز لمیٹڈ یونٹ-۱ کوٹری کو فراہم کرنے کے یه سکیم کمپنی کے حصص یافتگان کے لیے فائدہ مند ثابت ہو گی کیونکه یه کمپنی کو براہ راست ا-BEL-Kotri Unit کو کنٹرول کرنے اور ان کا انتظام کرنے کے قابل بناتی ہے تاکه کمپنی کو سرمایه کاری مؤثر طریقے سے توانائی کی ضروریات کی بلاتعطل فراہمی کو یقینی بنایا جا سکے۔ شیئر ہولڈر کے منافع کو زیادہ سے زیادہ کرنے کا حتمی مقصد۔

کریڈٹ ریٹنگ

موجودہ سال کے لیے 15 اگست 2022 کو میسر کی VIS کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی لمیٹڈ کی طرف سے A+/A-1 (سنگل اے پلس/اے ون) پر ہستی کی درجہ بندی کی دوبارہ تصدیق کی گئی ہے۔ دی گئی درجہ بندیوں پر ہستی کے آؤٹ لک کو 'مستحکم' کے طور پر تفویض کیا گیا ہے

مالیاتی گوشوار مے

جیسا کہ کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017 کے تحت ضرورت ہے ، پی ایس ایکس کے ریگولیشن ریگولیشنز اور ایس ای سی پی کی طرف سے جاری کردہ ہدایات چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر اور چیف فنانشل آفیسر نے 30 جون 2022 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے کمپنی کے مالیاتی بیانات پیش کیے ، ان کے متعلقہ دستخطوں کے تحت غور کے لیے توثیق کی گئی ، جاری کرنے اور گردش کے لیے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی منظوری اور اجازت۔ کمپنی کے مالیاتی بیانات کو کمپنی کے آڈیٹرز ، مشتاق اینڈ کمپنی ، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس نے باقاعدہ طور پر آڈٹ کیا ہے اور آڈیٹرز نے 30 جون 2022 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے مالی بیانات پر صاف آڈٹ رپورٹ جاری کی ہے اور کوڈ کے بیان پر صاف جائزہ رپورٹ کارپوریٹ گورننس ریگولیشنز ، 2019 "کوڈ"۔ یہ رپورٹیں مالی بیانات کے ساتھ منسلک ہیں۔

اکاؤنٹنگ کے معیارات

کمپنی کی اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیاں کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017 اور اس طرح کے منظور شدہ بین الاقوامی اکاؤنٹنگ سٹینڈرڈز اور انٹرنیشنل فنانشل رپورٹنگ سٹینڈرڈز کی مکمل طور پر عکاسی کرتی ہیں جیسا کہ اس ایکٹ کے تحت اور سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کی طرف سے جاری ہدایات کے ذریعے مطلع کیا گیا ہے۔

كاڻن ير آؤٹ لک۔

کپاس کی پیداوار میں مسلسل کمی ہمارے معاشی استحکام کے لیے انتہائی نقصان دہ ہے جہاں اس کا جی ڈی پی کا 0.8 فیصد حصه ہے اور زرعی ویلیو ایڈیشن میں 5.2 فیصد حصه ڈالتا ہے اس کے علاوہ ملک کی کل زرمبادله کمائی میں تقریباً 60 فیصد حصه رکھتا ہے۔ اس اقتصادی اہمیت کے باوجود، گزشته 10 سالوں میں کپاس کی پیداوار 12/2011 میں 13.6 ملین گانٹھوں سے تقریباً نصف ہو کر 21/2020 میں تقریباً 7 ملین رہ گئی ہے (ماخذ: PBS)۔

کپاس کی فصل کا رقبہ نمایاں طور پر کم ہو گیا ہے کیونکہ کپاس کی کٹائی کے بڑے رقبے کی جگہ مقابلہ کرنے والی فصلوں نے بہتر منافع اور بکھری ہوئی ہاؤسنگ سوسائٹیوں نے لے لی ہے۔ اعلیٰ معیار کے بیجوں کی اقسام تیار کرنے پر تحقیقی اخراجات کی کمی، بوائی کے موسم میں پانی کی کمی، سستی کیڑے مار ادویات کی عدم دستیابی، مون سون کے بعد کیڑوں کا حملہ، کھڑی فصلوں پر سیلاب کچھ ایسے عوامل ہیں جو کپاس کی پیداوار کو بھی متاثر کر رہے ہیں۔

شدید بارش نے پاکستان میں کپاس کی کھڑی فصل کو تباہ کرنے کا خدشہ ظاہر کیا ہے، بال پارک سے پتہ چلتا ہے کہ بارش نے کھیتوں میں 10 فیصد سے 50 فیصد فصلوں کو نقصان پہنچایا ہے، زیادہ تر سندھ میں۔ اس کے نتیجے میں اس سال ٹیکسٹائل ملوں کو چلانے کے لیے ملک کو عالمی منڈی کی طرف بڑھنا پڑے گا۔

موسلا دھار بارشوں نے کھیتوں میں کپاس کی تقریباً پوری فصل کو زیادہ خطر ہے میں ڈال دیا ہے کیونکہ تخمینہ شدہ کپاس کی فصلوں میں سے تقریباً 95 فیصد کپاس کی 10.5 ملین گانٹھوں کے برابر فی الحال کھیتوں میں ہیں۔ اس بات کا امکان ہے کہ بارشوں سے متعلق زیادہ تر نقصانات سندھ سے ہوں گے، جو پنجاب کے مقابلے ملک کی کل فصل کا تقریباً 30 فیصد پیدا کرتا ہے، جو کہ کپاس کی بقیہ 70 فیصد فصل پیدا کرتا ہے جس پر ہلکی سی زیادہ بارش ہوئی اور اس کے ساتھ زندہ رہ سکتا ہے۔ محدود نقصانات. 10.0 ملین گانٹھوں کے تخمینے کے خلاف، یہ اندازہ لگایا گیا ہے کہ اس سال ملک میں بمشکل 6 سے 7 ملین کے درمیان کپاس کی پیداوار ہوگی۔ اس کے نتیج میں ایف سی وائی کے ذخائر پہلے ہی ختم ہو جائیں گے، کیونکہ ملک کو ٹیکسٹائل انڈسٹری کی مانگ کو پورا کرنے کے لیے تقریباً 9 ملین گانٹھوں کی کپاس درآمد کرنی پڑیں گی۔ ملک نے 30 جون 2022 کو ختم ہونے والے پچھلے مالی سال میں 18.3 بلین ڈالر کی کپاس درآمد کی ہے کیونکہ ملک مالی سال 20 میں 18-16 ملین گانٹھوں کی گھریلو ضرورت کے مقابلے میں مشکل سے 8.4 ملین گانٹھوں کی پیداوار کا انتظام کرسکا۔ موجودہ حالات میں اگلے سال کے لیے تخمینہ بہت زیادہ ہونے کا تخمینہ لگایا گیا ہے۔

اس کے علاوہ، پانی کی کمی بھی ایک رکاوٹ کا باعث بنی جس نے کاشتکاروں کو موسم کے آغاز پر کپاس کے بیج کی بروقت بوائی سے روک دیا جس کی وجہ سے سندھ کی بوائی کے ہدف میں قابل ذکر کمی واقع ہوئی۔ تاریخی اعداد و شمار بتاتے ہیں کہ سندھ عام طور پر 1.6 ملین سے 1.7 ملین ہیکٹر اراضی پر کپاس کا بیج بوتا ہے جبکہ رواں سال کے دوران صرف 1.5 ملین ہیکٹر اراضی پر بیج کاشت کیا گیا ہے۔ سندھ کے برعکس پنجاب میں کسانوں نے اس سال 3.5 ملین ہیکٹر زمین کے بڑے رقبے پر بیج بویا جو پچھلے سال 3.2 ملین ہیکٹر تمین کے بڑے رقبے پر بیج بویا جو پچھلے سال 3.2 ملین ہیکٹر تھا۔ ہماری رائے میں، کپاس کی پیداوار میں اضافہ یا تو کپاس کی فصل کے نیچے رقبہ بڑھا کر یا فی کیئر لنٹ کی پیداوار یا دونوں سے حاصل کیا جا سکتا کیونکہ آبپاشی کے پانی کی عدم فراہمی کی کیا جا سکتا کیونکہ آبپاشی کے پانی کی عدم فراہمی کی وجہ سے جہاں کپاس کی کاشت کرنے والے دو بڑے صوبے پنجاب اور سندھ پہلے ہی اپنی زیادہ سے زیادہ سطح پر ہیں۔ کپاس کی فصل کو دوسری فصلوں سے بھی مقابلہ کا سامنا کرنا پڑتا ہے جو اس فصل کے نیچے زیادہ رقبہ لانے میں بھی ایک رکاوٹ ہے۔

تاہم بلوچستان اور سرحد کے مختلف اضلاع میں کپاس کی کاشت میں اضافے کا امکان ہے۔ دوسرا آپشن یہ ہے که کپاس کی جدید ٹیکنالوجی کا استعمال کرتے ہوئے فی ایکڑ پیداوار میں اضافه کیا جائے جو فصل کی پیداوار کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے بہت سے ترقی یافته اور ترقی پذیر ممالک میں کامیابی سے اپنائی گئی ہے۔

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کی تعمیل

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس ریگولیشنز ، 2019 کے ساتھ درج کمپنیوں کے لیے ریگولیشن 36 (1) کے تحت تعمیل کا بیان منسلک ہے۔

کارپوریٹ اور مالیاتی رپورٹنگ فریم ورک پر بیان:

کمپنی کے ڈائریکٹرز کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017 ، کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس 2019 "ضابطه" ، پاکستان اسٹاک ایکسچینج لمیٹڈ کی رول بک اور سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کی طرف سے جاری کردہ ہدایات کے تحت اپنی ذمه داریوں سے پوری طرح آگاہ ہیں۔ ریگولیٹرز کی تعمیل کے ایک حصے کے طور پر ہم مندرجه ذیل کی تصدیق کرتے ہیں:

financial یه مالیاتی بیانات ، جو کمپنی کے انتظام کے ذریعہ تیار کیے گئے ہیں ، اس کے معاملات کی منصفانه حالت ، اس کے کام کا نتیجه ، نقد بہاؤ اور ایکوئٹی میں تبدیلیوں کو پیش کرتے ہیں۔

the کمپنی کے اکاؤنٹ کی مناسب کتابیں برقرار رکھی گئی ہیں۔

account مناسب حساب کتاب کی پالیسیوں کو مالی بیانات کی تیاری میں مستقل طور پر لاگو کیا گیا ہے اور اکاؤنٹنگ کا تخمینه معقول اور سمجھدار فیصلے پر مبنی ہے۔

• بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیارات ، جیسا که پاکستان میں لاگو ہوتا ہے ، مالی بیانات کی تیاری میں عمل کیا گیا ہے۔

internal اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام ڈیزائن میں درست تھا اور اسے مؤثر طریقے سے نافذ اور مانیٹر کیا گیا ہے۔

the کمپنی کی مستقل تشویش کے طور پر جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت پر کوئی خاص شبہات نہیں تھے۔

corporate کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں سے کوئی مادی روانگی نہیں ہوئی ، جیسا که فہرست سازی کے قواعد و ضوابط میں تفصیلی ہے۔

• ہم نے ڈائریکٹروں اور ملازمین کے درمیان ایک ضابطہ اخلاق اور کاروباری حکمت عملی تیار اور گردش کی ہے۔

Direct بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے ویژن اور مشن کا بیان اور مجموعی کارپوریٹ حکمت عملی کا بیان اپنایا ہے۔

- تمام ڈائریکٹرز اس کے بورڈ اور جنرل میٹنگ میں یا تو جسمانی طور پر یا ویڈیو کانفرنس کے ذریعے شریک ہوئے ہیں جب تک که معقول وجه کی وجه سے روک نه لیا جائے۔
- تمام ڈائریکٹرز کو ان کی ذمه داریوں ، کرداروں ، معاوضوں ، اختیارات اور ذمه داری کے ساتھ ان کی شرائط کے آغاز پر کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس ، کمپنیز ایکٹ اور آرٹیکل آف ایسوسی ایشن کے مطابق تفویض کیا جاتا ہے۔

the کمپنی کے تمام ڈائریکٹرز کو ڈائریکٹر ٹریننگ پروگرام (ڈی ٹی پی) کے تحت منظور شدہ / چھوٹ دی گئی ہے جیسا که کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس ریگولیشنز ، 2019 کی ضرورت ہے۔

human انسانی وسائل ، سیٹی بجانے ، خریداری ، اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے ساتھ مواصلاتی طریقه کار ، ماحولیات ، صحت اور حفاظت ، ڈائریکٹر کا معاوضه ، اینٹی منی لانڈرنگ اور رسک مینجمنٹ وغیرہ پر بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے منظور شدہ اہم پالیسیوں کا مناسب تازہ تربن ربکارڈ موجود ہے۔ .

• جیسا که کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس ریگولیشنز ، 2019 اور کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017 (ایکٹ) کے تحت ضرورت ہے ، ہم نے مندرجه ذیل معلومات کو اس رپورٹ میں شامل کیا ہے۔

شیئر ہولڈنگ کے پیٹرن کا بیان الگ سے دیا گیا ہے۔

0 متعلقه کاروباری اداروں اور متعلقه افراد کے حصص کا بیان۔

٥ سال کے دوران منعقد ہونے والے بورڈ میٹنگز اور سالانہ جنرل میٹنگ کا بیان اور ہر ڈائریکٹر کی حاضری الگ سے دی گئی ہے۔

0 ایکٹ کے سیکشن 192 (4) کی دفعات کے تحت چیئرمین جائزہ رپورٹ۔

ضابطے کے ضابطہ 36 کے تحت چیئرمین کی طرف سے دستخط شدہ تعمیل کا بیان۔

six پچھلے چھ سالوں کے کلیدی آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی اعدادوشمار کے ساتھ ساتھ ٹیکس اور لیویز کی معلومات کو منسلک آڈٹ شدہ مالی بیانات میں مناسب طریقے سے ظاہر کیا گیا ہے۔

listed کمپنی ایس ای سی پی کی طرف سے جاری کردہ ہدایات کی سختی سے پیروی کرتی ہے جو که لسٹڈ کمپنیوں کے اندرونی تجارت کی ممانعت پر ہے اور کمپنی کے حصص میں کوئی تجارت اس کے ڈائریکٹر ، سی ای او ، سی ایف او ، کمپنی سیکرٹری ، ہیڈ آف انٹرنل آڈٹ اور ان کے میاں بیوی اور نابالغ بچوں کے علاوہ نہیں شیئر ہولڈنگ کے انداز میں انکشاف

شیئر ہولڈنگ کا نمونه۔

شیئر ہولڈنگ کا پیٹرن اور اس سے متعلقه معلومات اس کے مطابق منسلک ہیں۔

متعلقه پارٹی لین دین

متعلقہ پارٹی ٹرانزیکشنز (RPT) اور ان کی حیثیت کا 24 IAS کے تحت ضرورت کی تعمیل کرتے ہوئے مناسب طور پر انکشاف کیا جاتا ہے۔ مزید برآں، RO 768(1) کے ذریعے سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کے جاری کردہ نوٹیفکیشن کے مطابق سب کے لیے ایک مضبوط پالیسی موجود ہے۔)2019 اور گائیڈ لائنز کو کمپنی کی پالیسی میں لین دین اور ریکارڈ کی دیکھ بھال کے حوالے سے مناسب طریقے سے شامل کیا گیا ہے۔ آر پی ٹی کو اندرونی آڈٹ کے ذریعے باضابطہ طور پر منظور کیا گیا تھا جس کے بعد بورڈ میٹنگ میں اسے پیش کرنے سے پہلے آڈٹ کمیٹی کی منظوری لی گئی تھی، تاکہ اس بات کو یقینی بنایا جا سکے کہ کاروباری سرگرمی کے معمول کے دوران تمام لین دین مکمل طور پر مکمل ہوں۔ 30 جون 2022 کو ختم ہونے والے موجودہ مالی سال کے دوران تمام TRP کو ممبران کی منظوری کے لیے کمپنی کی جنرل میٹنگ کے سامنے پیش کیا جائے گا۔ اسی طرح، بورڈ نے 30 جون 2023 کو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے دوران کئے جانے والے لین دین کے لیے کمپنی کی جنرل میٹنگ میں ممبران کی منظوری حاصل کرنے کا بھی فیصلہ کیا ہے اور اسے اگلی سالانہ جنرل میٹنگ میں شیئر ہولڈرز کے سامنے رکھا جائے گا۔ ان کی رسمی توثیق/ منظوری۔

بورڈ کی تشخیص

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس ریگولیشنز، 2019 کے ضابطہ 10(3)(v) کے مطابق بورڈ اور کمیٹیوں کے ہر رکن کی کارکردگی کی پیمائش کرنے کے لیے ہمارے ذریعہ ایک جامع جائزہ اور جائزہ لیا گیا ہے۔

کمپنی نے بورڈ، کمیٹیوں کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ لینے اور گورننگ بورڈ اور اس کی کمیٹیوں کی تاثیر پر بنیادی توجه کے ساتھ فیصله سازی میں زیادہ سے زیادہ جوابدہی کے لیے قیادت کے کرداروں کی وضاحت کے لیے اندرونی طور پر بورڈ کی جانچ کا عمل انجام دیا۔

زیر انتظام سوالناموں کے ذریعے جمع کی گئی معلومات کے ساتھ ساتھ بورڈ کے اراکین اور کمیٹی کے اراکین کے ساتھ ہماری بات چیت کے نتیجے میں حاصل ہونے والی معلومات۔ کارپوریٹ گورننس کے اہم معاملات پر دو طرفہ مواصلاتی عمل پر مشتمل ایک جامع سوالنامه کا بھی کمیٹی اور بورڈ ممبران نے جواب دیا ہے۔

بورڈ کی تشکیل

ضابطہ 34 کے تحت ضرورت کے مطابق دس (10) ڈائریکٹرز کا بورڈ مندرجہ ذیل پر مشتمل ہے۔

Sr	Catagony	Ger	Total	
No	Category	Male	Female	Total
(i)	Independent Director	3	0	3
(ii)	Executive Directors	2	0	2
(ii)	Non- Executive Directors	4	1	5

بورڈ اور آڈٹ کمیٹی کے اجلاس

• تمام ڈائریکٹرز ، میٹنگ میں شرکت کے اہل ، کمپنی کی جنرل میٹنگز میں شرکت کی ہے۔ کوڈ کے ریگولیشن 10 (6) کے تحت ذاتی طور پر یا ویڈیو کانفرنس کے ذریعے جب تک کسی معقول کی وجہ سے ایسا کرنے سے روک دیا جائے۔2021-22 کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز ، آڈٹ کمیٹی اور ہیومن ریسورس اور معاوضہ کمیٹی کے اجلاس اور شرکت کی میٹنگ کی تعداد درج ذیل ہے۔

		Board of Directors		Committees			
Sr	Name of Directors			Audit		Human Resource and Remuneration	
		Eligible to attend	Attended	Eligible to attend	Attended	Eligible to attend	Attended
1.	Mr. Muhammad Salim	5	5	-	-	-	-
2.	Mr. Muhammad Shaheen	5	5	-	-	-	-
3.	Mr. Khurrum Salim	5	4	-	-	-	-
4.	Mr. Bilal Sharif	5	5	6	6	-	-
5.	Mr. Muhammad Amin	5	5	-	-	1	1
6.	Mr. Hamza Shakeel	5	5	6	6	1	1
7.	Mr. Iqbal Mehboob	5	5	6	6	1	1
8.	Mr. Asif Elahi	5	5	-	-	-	-
9.	Mr. Mustafa Tanvir	5	5	-	-	-	-
10.	Mrs. Saba Yousaf	5	5	-	-	-	-

آڈٹ کمیٹی

Sr	Name	Designation	Category
i	Bilal Sharif	Member	Non- Executive Director
ii	Hamza Shakeel	Member	Non- Executive Director
iii	Iqbal Mehboob	Chairman	Independent Director

آڈٹ کمیٹی تین ممبران پر مشتمل ہوتی ہے جس میں چیئرمین ایک آزاد ڈائریکٹر ہوتا ہے جبکہ باقی تمام نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر ہوتے ہیں اور بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی طرف سے تفویض کردہ شرائط کے تحت اپنی ذمه داریاں نبھاتے ہیں۔ مالیاتی خواندہ ممبر کی تقرری ضابطہ کے باب X میں ضابطہ 7(1)(iii) کے مطابق کی گئی ہے۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی منظوری سے قبل عبوری اور سالانہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کا جائزہ لینے کے لیے آڈٹ کمیٹی کے اجلاس باقاعدگی سے وقفے وقفے سے منعقد کیے جاتے تھے اور سال میں ایک بار بیرونی آڈیٹر کے ساتھ ایک اضافی میٹنگ ہوتی تھی۔ بغیر CFO اور دوسر بے اندرونی آڈیٹر کے ساتھ CFO اور بیرونی آڈیٹر کی موجودگی کے بغیر۔

AC کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کا ایک ذیلی گروپ ہے جو کمپنی کی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ اور انکشاف کے عمل کی نگرانی کے لیے ذمه دار ہے اور کمپنی کے عمل اور اندرونی کنٹرول سے مکمل آگاہی رکھتا ہے۔ اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں اور اصولوں کے انتخاب پر نظر رکھنے اور قوانین اور ضوابط کی تعمیل کو یقینی بنانے کے لیے AC عام طور پر انتظامی ٹیم، آزاد آڈیٹر، اور اندرونی آڈیٹرز کے ساتھ رابطه کرتا ہے۔

AC اس بات کو یقینی بناتا ہے که دھوکه دہی کی روک تھام اور اس کی نشاندہی کے لیے مناسب پالیسیاں اور عمل موجود ہیں، جیسے که اثاثه جات کا غلط استعمال، بدعنوانی، اور مالیاتی سٹیٹمنٹ فراڈ اور انتظامیه کے ساتھ مل کر کام کرتا ہے تاکه اس بات کو یقینی بنایا جا سکے که فراڈ کی نشاندہی پر ضروری اقدامات کیے جائیں۔

AC کمپنی کے سه ماہی اور آڈٹ شدہ سالانه مالیاتی بیانات پر تبادله خیال کرنے کے لیے انتظامیه اور قانونی آڈیٹرز سے باقاعدگی سے ملاقات کرتا ہے جبکه سالانه آڈٹ کے دوران، آڈٹ کمیٹی ریگولیشن 27(2) کی تعمیل میں بیرونی آڈیٹر اور اندرونی آڈٹ کے سربراہ کے ساتھ الگ سے ملاقات کرتی ہے۔ (iii) ان معاملات پر بات کرنے کے لیے جن پر رازداری سے بات کرنے کی ضرورت ہے۔

AC ضابطہ اخلاق کو لاگو کرنے اور موثر مواصلاتی چینلز کے قیام کو یقینی بنا کر تنظیم کے لہجے کو ترتیب دینے میں اہم کردار ادا کرتا ہے۔ AC اس بات سے پوری طرح واقف ہے کہ انتظامیہ قوانین اور ضوابط کی تعمیل حاصل کرنے کے لیے کیا کر رہی ہے، اور انہیں جاری تحقیقات اور تادیبی کارروائیوں جیسے مسائل کے بارے میں علم ہونا چاہیے۔ AC ممبران اجتماعی طور پر دھوکہ دہی کو روکنے کے لیے کام کرتے ہیں اور جان بوجھ کر اکاؤنٹنگ کی غلطیوں اور بے ضابطگیوں کا پتہ لگانے میں ماہر ہیں۔

انسانی وسائل اور معاوضه کمیٹی

Sr	Name	Designation	Category
i	Iqbal Mehboob	Chairman	Independent Director
ii	Mohammad Amin	Member	Non- Executive Director
iii	Hamza Shakeel	Member	Non- Executive Director

ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ریمونریشن کمیٹی (HRRC) تین ممبران پر مشتمل ہے جن میں سے سبھی نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر ہیں جبکہ چیئرمین ایک آزاد ڈائریکٹر ہیں۔ HRRC سی ای او کے انتخاب، تشخیص، معاوضہ (بشمول ریٹائرمنٹ فوائد) اور جانشینی کی منصوبہ بندی کے لیے بورڈ کو انسانی وسائل کے انتظام کی اہم پالیسیوں کی سفارش کرتا ہے۔

HRRC کا مقصد کسی تنظیم کے بورڈ، انتظام کی پالیسی کی سفارش کرنے کا ذمه دار ہے۔ CFO، CEO اور کمپنی سکریٹری کے انتخاب، کرنا ہے۔ HRRC بورڈ کو انسانی وسائل کے انتظام کی پالیسی کی سفارش کرنے کا ذمه دار ہے۔ CFO، CEO اور کمپنی سکریٹری کے انتخاب، تشخیص، معاوضے (بشمول ریٹائرمنٹ فوائد) اور جانشینی کی منصوبه بندی کی سفارش کرنے کی مجموعی ذمه داری کمیٹی پر ہوگی۔ HRRC سینئر مینجمنٹ کی بھرتی اور تربیت، معاوضے، کارکردگی کا جائزہ، جانشینی کی منصوبه بندی اور انسانی سرمائے کے موثر استعمال کے لیے اقدامات میں بورڈ اور انتظامیه کی مدد کرتا ہے۔

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کارپوریٹ سماجی ذمه داری کی پالیسی

کمپنی کمپنی کی اخلاقی، پائیدار اور ماحولیاتی ذمه داریوں سے متعلق پالیسیاں تیار کرتی ہے اس بات کو یقینی بنا کر که کمپنی کا مقامی کمیونٹیز اور ماحول پر مثبت اثر پڑے۔

کمپنی کی اپنی کمیونٹی اور ماحولیات کے تئیں ایک سماجی ذمہ داری ہے کمپنی کے کاموں کے تمام پہلوؤں جیسے مسائل جو ماحول پر اثرانداز ہوتے ہیں جیسے که آلودگی، فضله، مصنوعات کی حفاظت اور مزدوری لیکن صرف کمیونٹی اور سماجی افراد کو فنڈز فراہم کرنے تک محدود نہیں۔ ماحول، بلکه کمپنی سے متعلق فریقین کے ساتھ اچھے طویل مدتی تعلقات کو برقرار رکھنا بھی شامل ہے۔ کمپنی آلودگی اور گرین ہاؤس گیسوں کے اخراج کو کم کرنے، قدرتی وسائل کے پائیدار استعمال، ضیاع کو کم سے کم اور مناسب طریقے سے ٹھکانے لگانے کے مقصد کے ساتھ ماحولیاتی برقرار رکھتے ہوئے اقتصادی، سماجی اور ماحولیاتی طور پر پائیدار طریقے سے کام کرنے کے لیے ایک جامع کارپوریٹ سماجی ذمه داری (CRS) پالیسی کا انتظام کرتی ہے۔ مینوفیکچرنگ کے عمل کے دوران ری سائیکلنگ کو فروغ دینا۔

صحت ، حفاظت اور ماحولیاتی پالیسی

کمپنی ایک محفوظ اور صحت مند کام کی جگه کو یقینی بنانے اور ماحول کی حفاظت کے لیے پرعزم ہے اور اس بات پر پخته یقین رکھتی ہے کہ حفاظت اور ماحول کی حفاظت ایک اچھا کاروبار ہے اور کام سے متعلق تمام چوٹیں، بیماریاں، املاک کے نقصانات اور منفی

ماحولیاتی اثرات کو روکا جا سکتا ہے۔ اس عزم کو پورا کرنے کے لیے، کمپنی اس بات کو یقینی بناتی ہے که انتظامیه کارکنوں اور ماحول کے تحفظ کی مکمل ذمه داری قبول کرے۔ کسی بھی ملازم کے ساتھ کسی غیر متوقع حادثے کی صورت میں کارکنوں کے لیے ایک جامع گروپ لائف انشورنس پہلے سے ہی موجود ہے۔ کمپنی کراچی اور لاہور دونوں دفاتر میں اپنے انتظامی ملازمین کے لیے ہیلتھ پالیسی کے لیے بنائے گئے انتظامات بھی فراہم کرتی ہے۔ کمپنی صحت، حفاظت اور ماحولیاتی تحفظات کو کمپنی کے دیگر کاروباری مقاصد کے ساتھ مساوی حیثیت دیتی ہے اور انہیں کام کے تمام پہلوؤں میں ضم کرتی ہے اور صحت، حفاظت اور ماحولیاتی کارکردگی کو مسلسل بہتر بنانے کے لیے فعال طور پر کوشش کرتی ہے۔ کمپنی کی پالیسی پانی اور فضائی آلودگی، کیمیائی اور تیل کے اخراج، سموگ، پینے کے پانی کے معیار، زمین کے تحفظ اور انتظام اور جنگلی حیات کے تحفظ پر چوکس ہے۔

د ائریکٹر معاوضہ پالیسی

ڈائریکٹر کی معاوضے کی پالیسی کمپنی کے طویل مدتی مقاصد کو آگے بڑھانے کے لیے بورڈ اور سینئر مینجمنٹ میں صحیح ٹیلنٹ کو برقرار رکھنے کے لیے کمپنی کی کارکردگی اور استحکام کا سنگ بنیاد ہے۔چونکہ کمپنی کا بورڈ اور سینئر مینجمنٹ اسٹریٹجک سمت فراہم کرنے، اہم کاروباری فیصلوں اور عمل درآمد کی ذمه داریاں نبھاتے ہیں، اس لیے یہ بہت ضروری ہے که انہیں ان کی کارکردگی کے لیے زیادہ ذمه دار اور جوابدہ بنایا جائے۔ سینئر مینجمنٹ اور بورڈ ممبران کے معاوضے کے طریقے کارپوریٹ گورننس کے مجموعی فریم ورک کے بہت اہم پہلوؤں میں سے ایک ہیں، کیونکہ یہ کمپنی کی کارکردگی کو متاثر کرتا ہے، جس کے نتیجے میں عام شیئر ہولڈرز کو واپسی اور کمپنی کے استحکام پر اثر پڑتا ہے۔معاوضے کی پالیسی کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017، کمپنیز آرٹیکل آف ایسوسی ایشن اور کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس ریگولیشنز، 2019 کی دفعات کے تحت بورڈ کو انسانی وسائل اور معاوضے کی کمیٹی (HRRC) کی سفارشات اور تجاویز کے تحت تیار کی گئی ہے۔ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز مقررہ ماہانہ معاوضے اور HRRC کی طرف سے تجویز کردہ دیگر مراعات کے حقدار ہیں جن کی بورڈ نے باضابطه طور پر منظوری دی اور اس کے بعد کمپنی کی جنرل میٹنگ میں ممبران کی منظوری لی گئی۔

ایکٹ کے سیکشن 227(a)(l) کے مطابق، موجودہ مالی سال کے دوران کمپنی کے ڈائریکٹرز کو درج ذیل معاوضے (نوٹ 32) ادا کیے گئے ہیں:

a) جناب خرم سليم (EO) - PKR 800,000.00 ماہانه۔

ب) جناب محمد سليم (ED) - PKR 1,000,000.00 ماہانه ـ

اس کے علاوہ، مندرجه بالا ڈائریکٹرز کے لیے دیگر فوائد میں کمپنی کے زیر انتظام گاڑی ایندھن، کاروباری سفر اور مواصلاتی اخراجات شامل ہیں۔

کمپنی کے کسی دوسرے ڈائریکٹر کو کوئی فیس یا معاوضہ ادا نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔

قانونی آڈیٹرز۔

موجودہ آڈیٹر کے میسرز مشتاق اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس 27 اکتوبر 2022 کو طے شدہ سالانہ جنرل میٹنگ کے اختتام پر ریٹائر ہو جائیں گے، تاہم، اہل ہونے کی وجہ سے انہوں نے خود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لیے پیش کیا ہے۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی نے 30 جون 2023 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے میسرز مشتاق اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس کو بطور ایکسٹرنل آڈیٹر مقرر کرنے کی تجویز دی ہے۔ کوالٹی کنٹرول کے تحت بیرونی آڈیٹر میسرز مشتاق اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس کو تسلی بخش درجہ بندی دی گئی ہے۔ انسٹی ٹیوٹ آف چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس آف پاکستان کی طرف سے اپنائے اکاؤنٹنٹس آف پاکستان کا جائزہ پروگرام۔ فرم اور اس کے تمام پارٹنر انسٹی ٹیوٹ آف چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس آف پاکستان کی طرف سے اپنائے گئے کوڈ آف ایتھکس پر انٹرنیشنل فیڈریشن آف اکاؤنٹنٹس کے رہنما اصولوں کی تعمیل کرتے ہیں اور وہ ایس ای سی پی ایکٹ 1997 کے سیکشن 136 کے تحت آڈٹ اوور سائیٹ بورڈ کے ساتھ رجسٹرڈ ہیں۔قانونی آڈیٹرز نے نہ تو کوئی فیصلہ سازی، اندرونی آڈٹ یا انتظامی کام انجام دیا اور نہ ہی ان کا کمپنی کے کسی ڈائریکٹر یا ایگزیکٹوز کے ساتھ کسی قسم کا تعلق ہے۔ منگنی کے شراکت داروں کو ہر پانچ سال کی تکمیل کے بعد گھمایا جاتا تھا۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے 30 جون 2023 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے میسرز مشتاق اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس کی بطور بیرونی آڈیٹر تقرری کی بھی سفارش کی اور آڈیٹرز کا معاوضہ PKR 2,275,000.00 (سال 2021,000,000 روپے) سال 23-23 جیسا که آڈٹ کمیٹی نے کوڈ کے ضابطہ 32(3) کے تحت بورڈ کو تجویز کیا ہے۔ اسائنمنٹس میں قانونی آڈٹ، ششماہی جائزہ اور کارپوریٹ گورننس ربوبو کا کوڈ شامل ہے۔

مادی تبدیلیاں اور وعدے۔

کمپنی کی مالی پوزیشن کو متاثر کرنے والی کوئی مادی تبدیلیاں اور وعدے کمپنی کے مالی سال کے اختتام کے درمیان نہیں ہوئے جس سے بیلنس شیٹ کا تعلق سے اور ڈائریکٹرز کی رپورٹ کی تاریخ ۔

اعتراف

میں بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز ، قابل قدر شیئر ہولڈرز ، کسٹمرز ، بینکرز ، سپلائرز اور دیگر سٹیک ہولڈرز کا ان کا تعاون ، اعتماد اور اعتماد کا انتہائی مقروض ہوں۔ میں تمام ملازمین کا بھی شکریه ادا کرتا ہوں۔

خرم سليم

munth.

محمد سليم

ڈائریکٹر

كراچى: 28 ستمبر 2022

بلیسڈ ٹیکسٹائلز لمیٹڈ

پراکسی فارم

رکن اور عام شیئر کے حامل کی حیثہ	يْب كے۔۔۔۔۔۔			ــــرشيئر کی ن
ر کا فولیونمبر ً ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔ ۔	ـــــاوراياس ڈیسی فوليوکا آئی ڈی	ئى ۋىنمبر	ــــاورذيلي ا كاؤنث نمبرــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
بنی کے سالا نہا جلاسِ جو 127 ^ک	لتو بر 2022 کومنعقد ہوگا ، میں میرے/ہما	ے اہمارے لئے اور میری اہماری طرف	سے بحثیت اپناپرائسی ، ووٹ دینے کے <u>ل</u>	ہوں <i>ا کرتے ہیں۔</i>
		ــــ بنارخ ٔــــــــ	_2022	
گوامان:				
دستخط:				
نام:				
: پ				
کمپیوٹرائز قومی	شناختی کارڈ نمبر:			
پاسپورٹ نمبر:				
			دستخط شيئر مولا	
			(دستخط کا نمپنی میں رجسٹر ڈنمو۔	ہومطابق ہوناضروری ہے)
وستخط:				
نام:				
:=;				
كمپيوٹرائز قومى شناختى	ق کارونمبر:			
ياسپورٺ نمبر: ۔۔.				
1 (: 1 : (2)	لئے نامزدگی کافارم میٹینگ ہے کم از کم 48	لم 9 لا گفتاقیا کمینی کدم صدل مدیدانا به ا	نیائن رکیمینی کا کن مه داخه د. ی نهیو	

Bhanero Textile Mills Ltd

Proxy Form

				of
ED and holder	of	ord	dinary sha	res as
	and/or	CDC Partici	pant ID	No
ınt No		hereby app	oint Mr./	Mrs./
of	F	or	failing	him/
Neeting of the (Company to be h	eld on Thursda	ay, 27 th Oc	tobe
ector 23, S.M.	Faroog Road, Ko	orangi Industria	ıl Area, Ka	rachi
ure should agre	e with specimen	registered witl	n company	/)
	Affix Rs.5	Revenue Stam	ıp	
.2				
	TED and holder unt No of of Meeting of the Gector 23, S.M.	TED and holder of and/or and/or and/or of of of Meeting of the Company to be had beet or 23, S.M. Farooq Road, Kompany to green and gree with specimen and green with green with green and green with specimen and green with green	and/or CDC Partici ant No of or of of of or of of as my / our as my / our deeting of the Company to be held on Thursda sector 23, S.M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industria ure should agree with specimen registered with affix Rs.5 Revenue Stame.	be TED and holder of ordinary sha and/or CDC Participant ID unt No hereby appoint Mr./ of or failing of as my / our proxy to a Meeting of the Company to be held on Thursday, 27 th Octector 23, S.M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industrial Area, Kasure should agree with specimen registered with company and the specimen registered with regist

Notes:

If a member is unable to attend the meeting, they may complete and sign this form and sent it to the Company Secretary, **Bhanero Textile Mills Limited**, Umer House, 23/1, Sector 23, S.M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi. so as to reach not less than 48 hours before the time scheduled for holding the meeting.

- (i) The Proxy form shall be witnessed by a person whose name, address and CNIC/Passport number should be stated on the form.
- (ii) Attested copy of CNIC or the Passport of the beneficial owner alongwith the Proxy form should also be submitted.
- (iii) The Proxy nominee shall produce his / her original CNIC or original Passport at the time of the meeting.
- (iv) In case of a Corporate entity, the Board of Directors Resolution/Power of Attorney with specimen signature should be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with Proxy form to the Company.